

Integrated Operations Management

Asset and distribution management

Introducing JP1/IT Desktop Management 2

- Protecting your increasingly diverse IT assets -

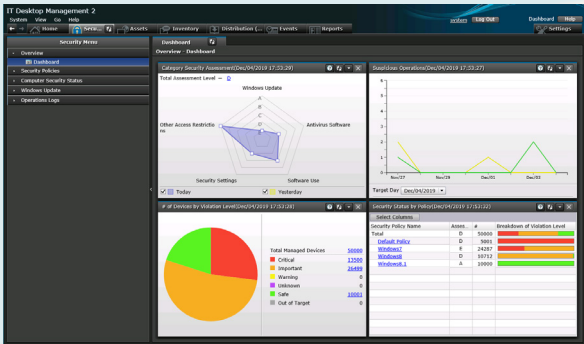
Hitachi, Ltd.

Contents

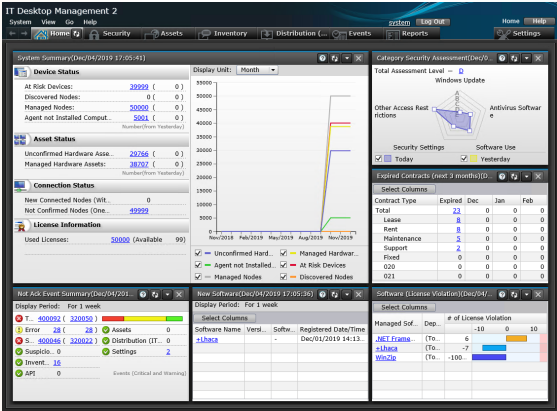
- **Overview of JP1/IT Desktop Management 2**
- **What you can do**
- **Example of a system configuration**
- **Support for safe use**
- **List of features**

Properly manage a diverse array of IT assets and protect them from security risks

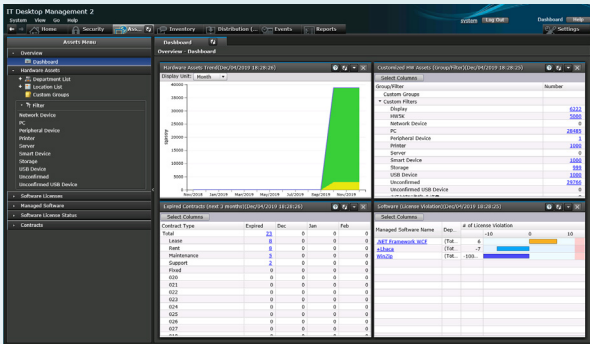
In a diverse IT environment that includes PCs, servers, virtual desktops, thin clients, and smart devices, you can automatically collect and centrally manage software information, hardware information, security information, operation logs, and more.



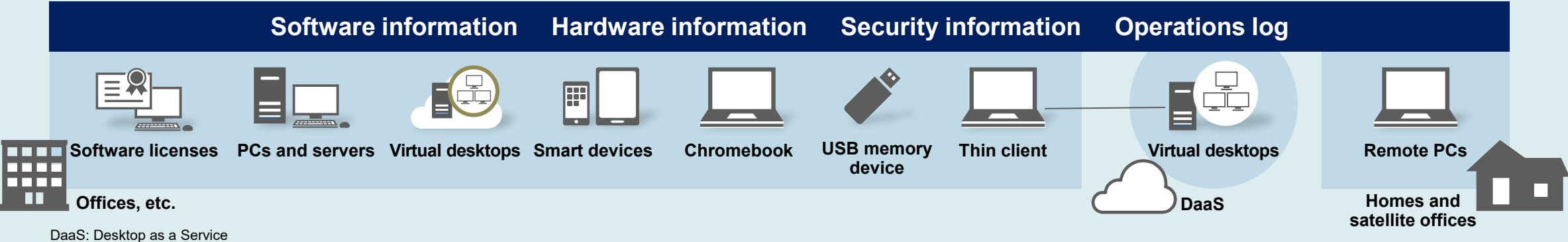
Security management
Understand the status of security measures



Home module



Asset management
Collect and centrally manage the latest information about your IT assets

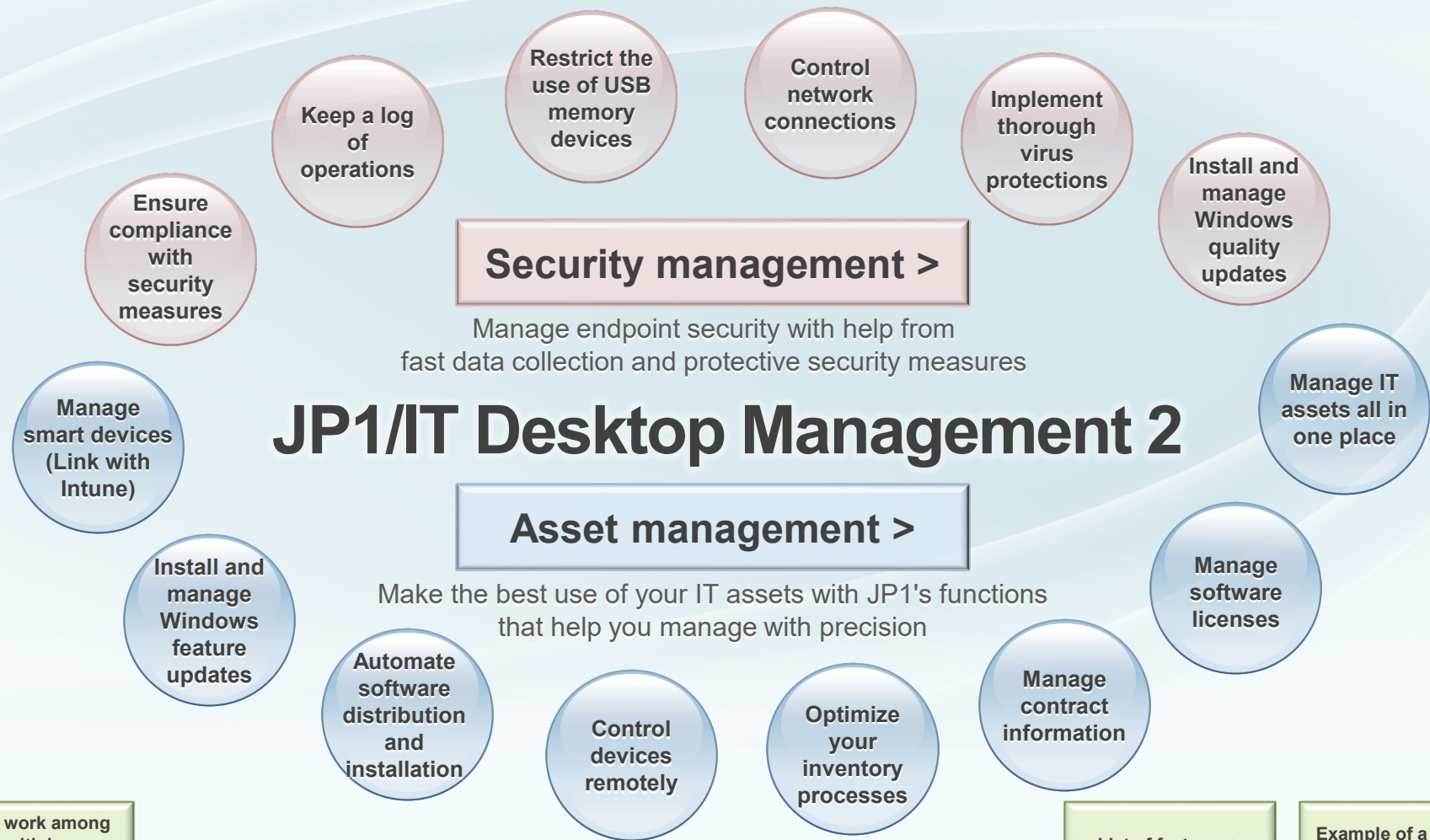


DaaS: Desktop as a Service

What you can do

- **What you can do with JP1/IT Desktop Management 2**
- **Understand the current status of your system**
- **Security management**
- **Asset management**
- **Divide work among multiple administrators**

Protect your diverse collection of IT assets with JP1's easy-to-use interface and rich selection of functions



Intune: Microsoft Intune

Understand the current status of your system >

Divide work among multiple administrators >

List of features >

Example of a system configuration >

Products required for the main functions in this brochure >

Understand the current status of your system: View important events and changes from the previous day

Automatically collect information about PCs and other devices connected to the network. The Home module of IT Desktop Management 2 shows a summary of the information you need to review on a daily basis. Simply by checking the Home module, which appears just after you log in, you can check the overall status and any issues that need to be addressed, including important events and any changes from the previous day.

How has the system changed since yesterday?

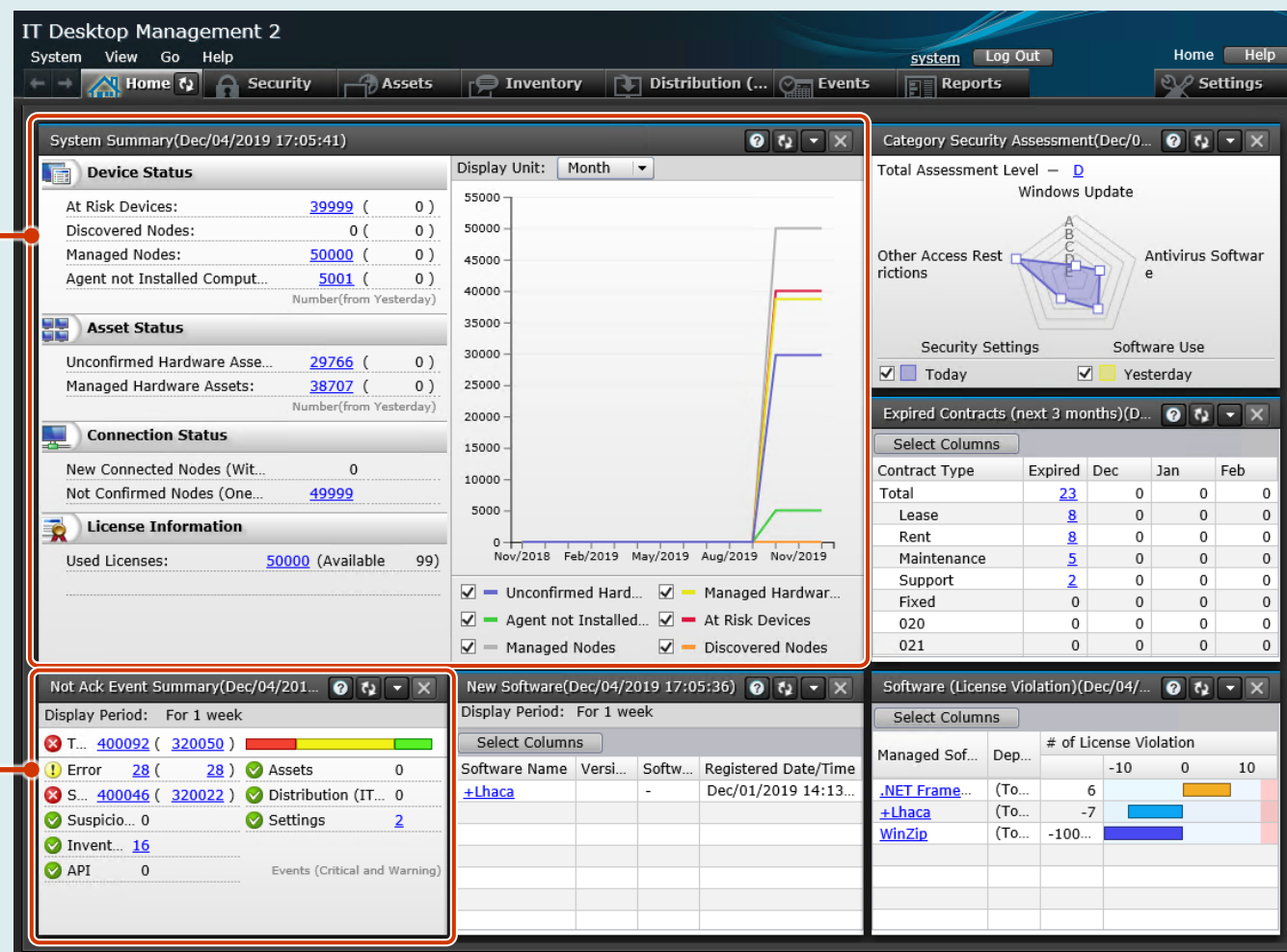
By checking the System Summary, you can see how the system has changed from the previous day and answer questions like the following:

- ☒ Are any PCs at risk?
- ☒ Have any new PCs or other devices been connected to the system?
- ☒ Are there any devices whose operating status has not been confirmed for an extended period of time?
- ☒ What is the overall status of the system and what are some general trends?

Verify that no unexpected changes have occurred, and ensure that your system remains safe. If you do find a problem, you can get the details simply by clicking the relevant link. These features help you resolve problems more smoothly.

Did any important events occur?

All of the events that have occurred in the system are aggregated and displayed in one location, allowing you to determine how many events of a certain type have occurred. Click the corresponding link to see details about a particular event type.



Home module

Understand the current status of your system: Check the status of update programs, unnecessary software installations, and license violations

Check the Home module to see the status of Windows quality updates and other security measures, and to check for problems such as the installation of unnecessary software and software license violations.

Are security measures such as Windows quality updates being implemented appropriately?

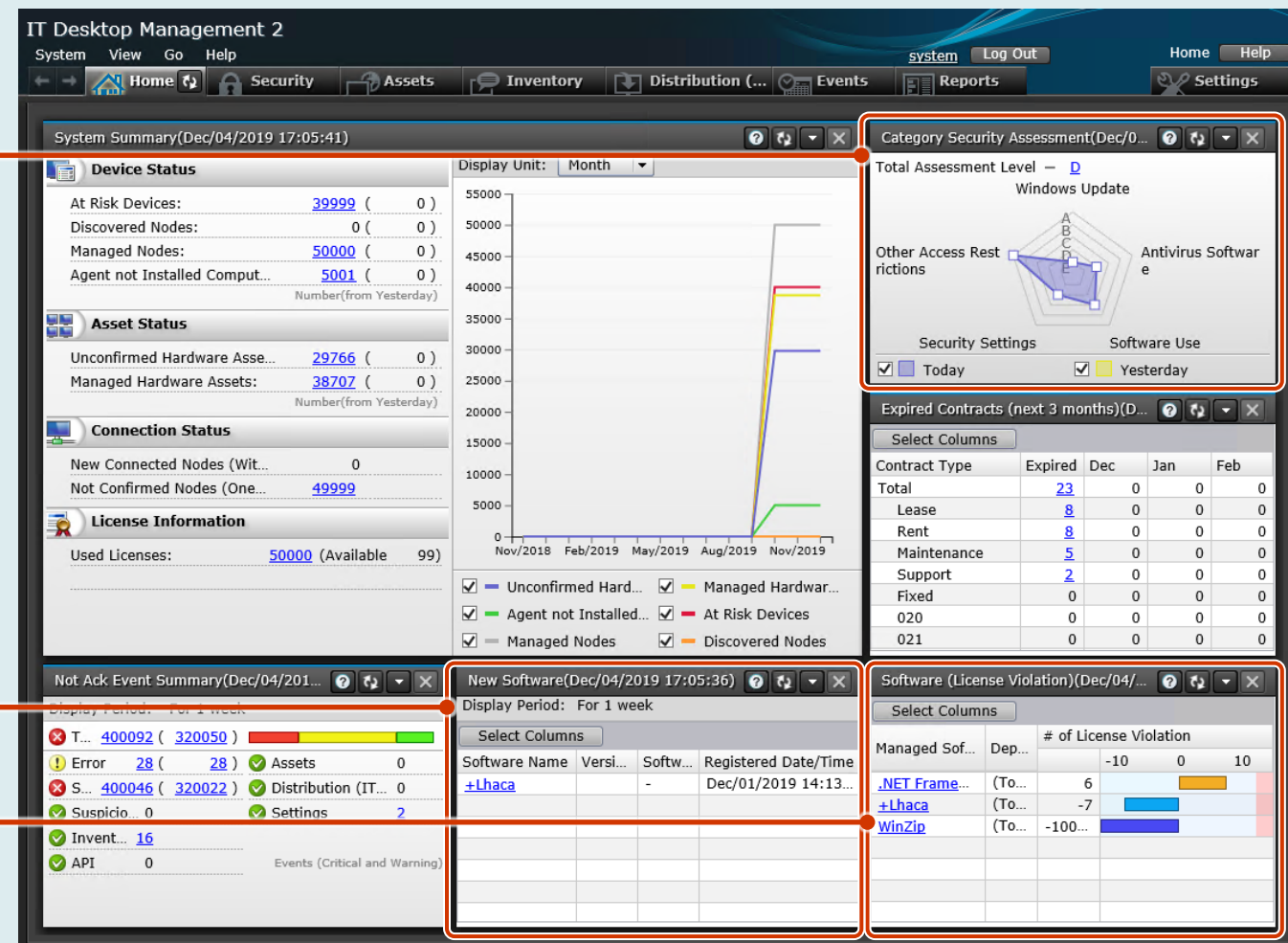
Comprehensively evaluate your system's security by checking the status of security measures, broken down into categories such as Windows quality updates, virus protections, and security settings.

Were any attempts made to install unnecessary software?

JP1 detects when any new programs or Windows apps are installed on monitored PCs. You can periodically check this area to see whether software that is not required for work has been installed.

Are there any software license violations?

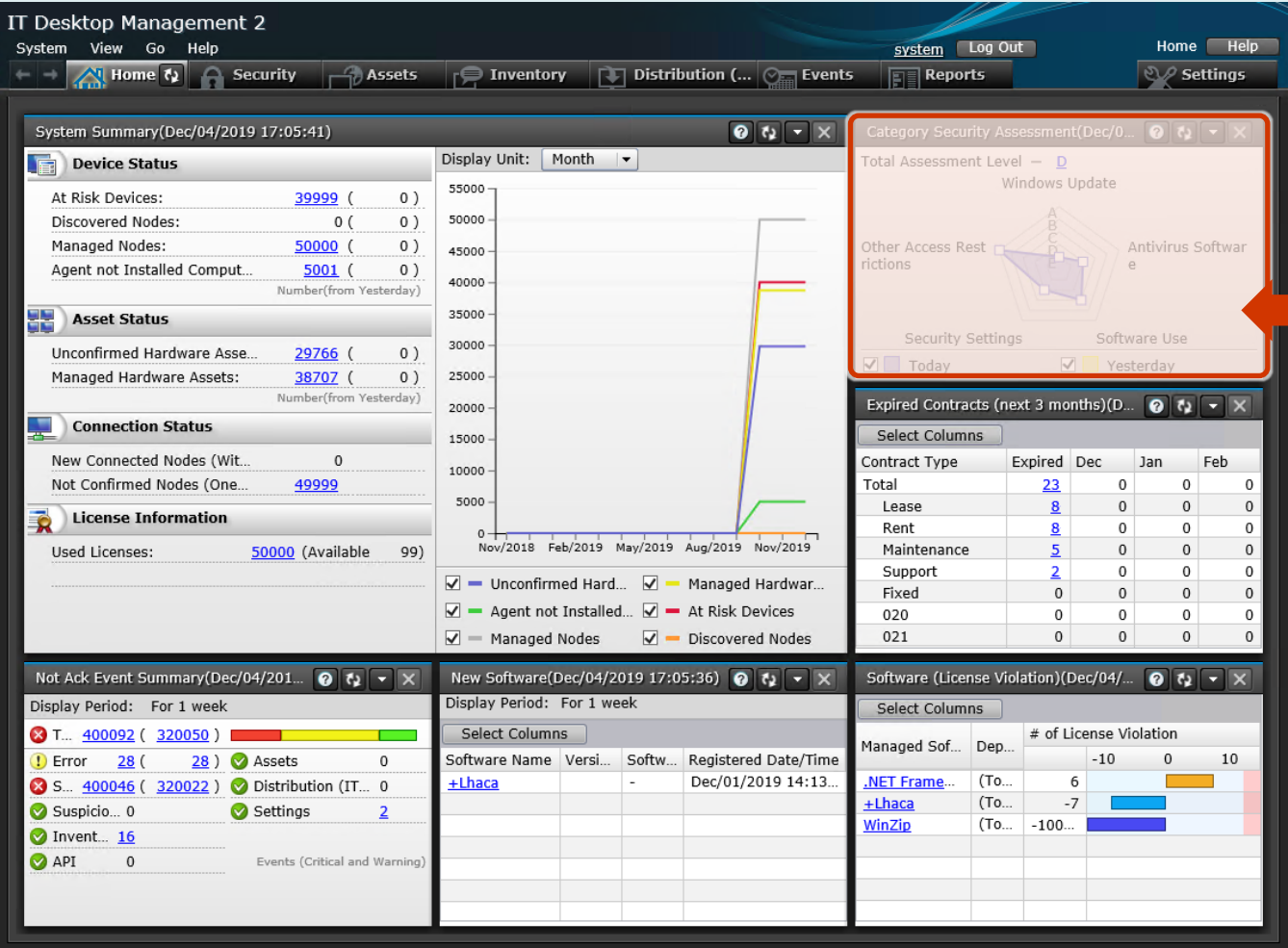
For each of the software programs you manage, you can check whether actual usage exceeds the number of licenses you own.



Home module

Understand the current status of your system: Customize the Home module

The Home module summarizes and organizes information into small panels. You can customize the appearance by choosing the information that you want to see each day from the 19 available panels.



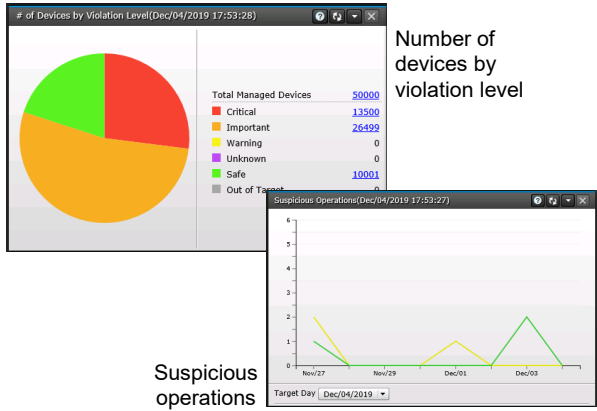
Home module

Choose from three available layouts



Customize the module's appearance to display the summaries you want to check.

☒ Are there any PCs for which security measures need to be implemented?



☒ Were any suspicious operations performed, such as those that might have transferred important data outside the company?



Need to determine whether security risks to the company are being effectively mitigated?

Ensure compliance with security measures p. 9

With JP1/IT Desktop Management 2, you can collect information from managed PCs, such as information about security vulnerabilities, prohibited operations, and information leakage. JP1 helps you form a clear picture as to whether the security risks facing your company are being effectively mitigated.



Need to eliminate the risk of information leaks from day-to-day operations?

Keep a log of operations p. 12

Operations that allow someone to obtain internal company information, potentially disclosing such information to parties outside the company, pose a risk of information leakage. Examples of such operations include uploading data to an external website, sending email, and copying data to a USB memory device. JP1 identifies these types of operations as "suspicious operations" and notifies administrators, who can then trace the operations by examining the operations logs.



Need to prevent data from being easily transferred onto USB memory devices and taken outside the company?

Restrict the use of USB memory devices p. 16

With JP1, you can permit the use of only USB memory devices owned by the company, prohibiting the use of all other USB memory devices. In other words, if someone inserts an unauthorized USB memory device, use of the device will be disabled. This feature limits the ability of USB memory devices to act as a pathway for information to leak outside the company. JP1 also allows you to check a list of the files stored on each USB memory device that you are managing.



Need to prevent people from connecting PCs deemed unsafe to the company network?

Control network connections p. 17

You can use JP1 to quarantine PCs that are deemed unsafe and PCs infected by malware. You can also automate the process for verifying that all appropriate security measures have been implemented on a particular managed PC before that PC is allowed access to the network.



Need to identify at-risk PCs that require antivirus software updates?

Implement thorough virus protections p. 18

As JP1 allows you to verify that all required security measures have been implemented, if an unsafe PC is found, you can send a message to the user of that PC to request that the necessary security measures be applied. Furthermore, if there are PCs that are at risk because their antivirus software is not up to date, you can distribute and install the latest version of that software on these PCs.



Need to identify PCs for which the necessary Windows quality updates have not been installed?

Install and manage Windows quality updates p. 19

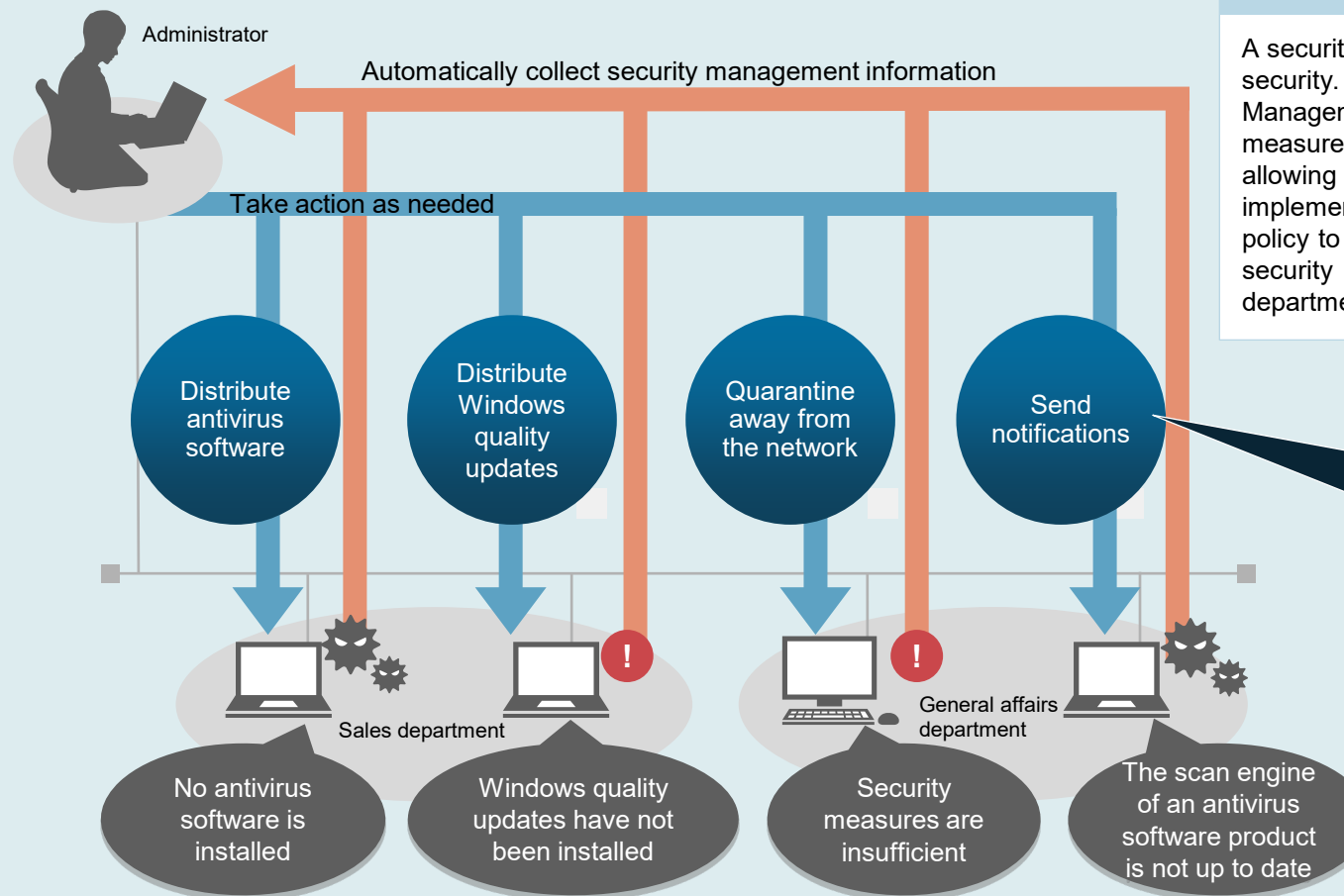
When the automatic Windows quality update function is disabled, JP1 can automatically enable it so that the latest Windows quality updates are installed. If there is a specific Windows quality update that you do not want to install, you can select which Windows quality updates are to be distributed and installed.

Ensure compliance with security measures:
Check the status of security measures and take the necessary action

Check the security status of individual PCs, and take the appropriate action depending on what you find.

Examples

- Distribute and install antivirus software and other required software
- Check for and install the latest Windows quality updates as necessary
- Quarantine unsafe devices away from the network
- Send messages to request the implementation of security measures



What is a security policy?

A security policy is an organization's policy for ensuring information security. The security policy provided by JP1/IT Desktop Management 2 - Manager comes with a number of security measures that need to be implemented on PCs already configured, allowing you to start managing your system immediately. You can implement security measures simply by applying this security policy to the PCs you manage. You can also change the provided security policy to create customized policies for individual departments or PCs.

[illegible][illegible]

Freely customize
notification messages

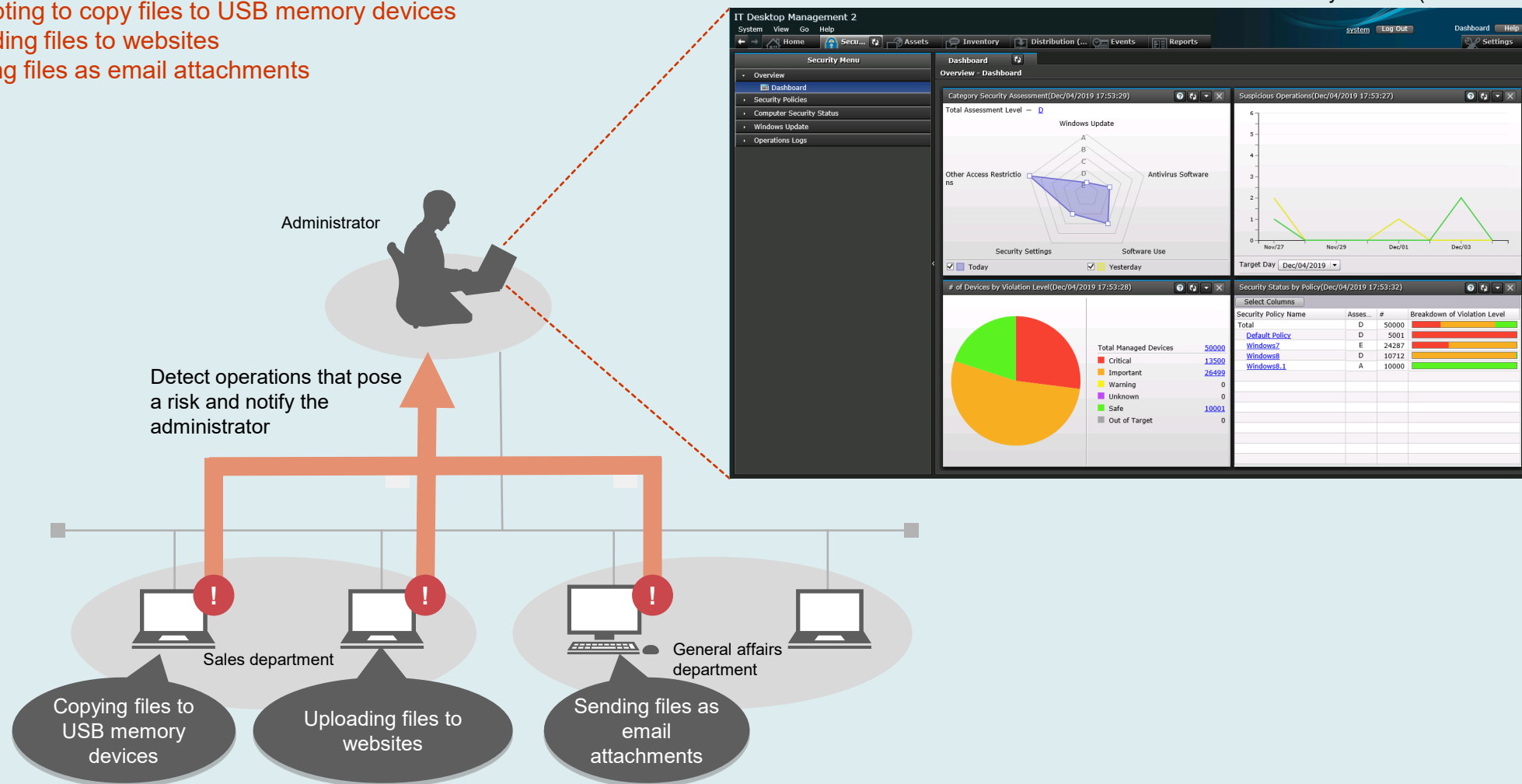
Ensure compliance with security measures: Detect information leakage risks

Detect operations that attempt to obtain files from PCs, and notify administrators of such operations.

Examples

Detect and send notifications about operations such as the following:

- Attempting to copy files to USB memory devices
- Uploading files to websites
- Sending files as email attachments

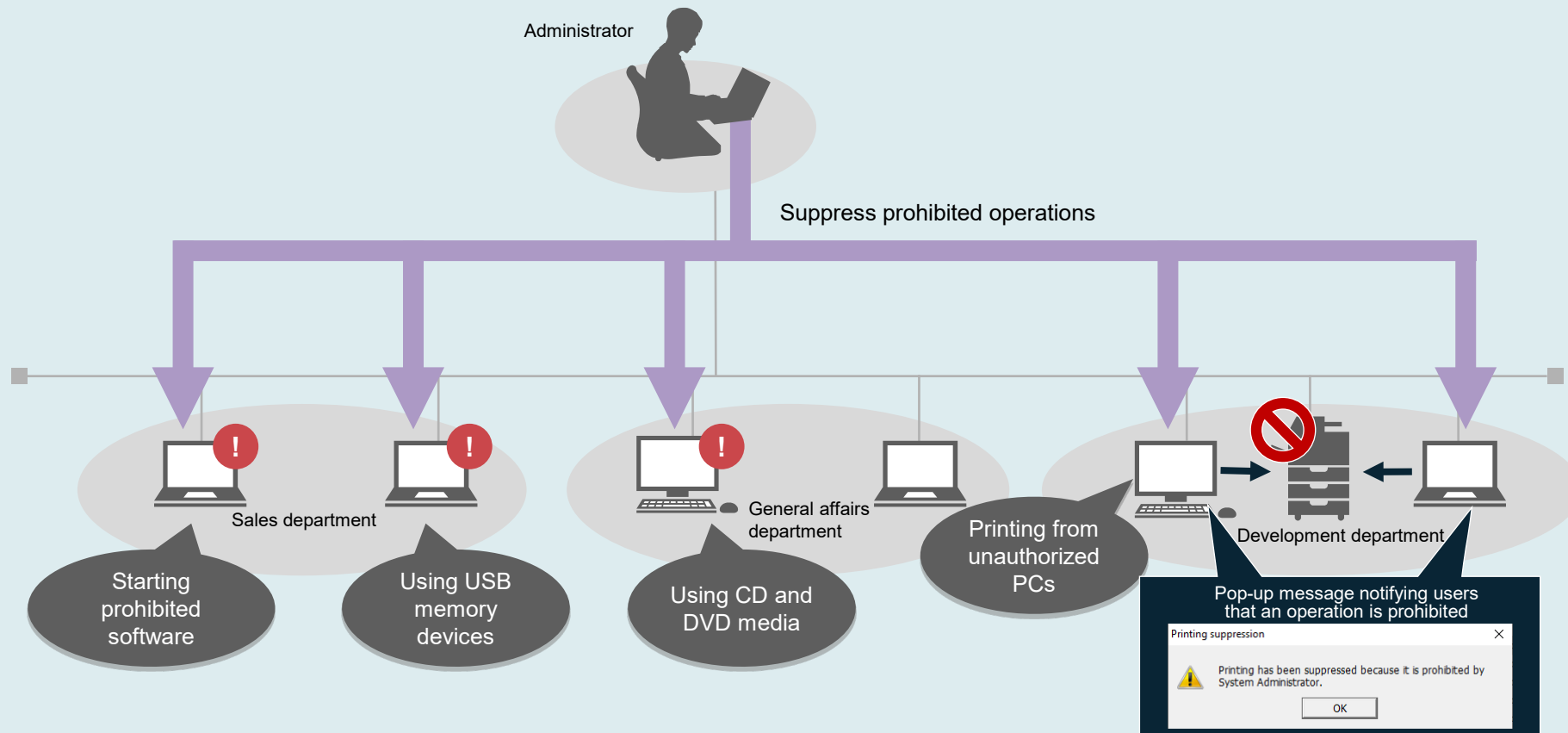


Ensure compliance with security measures: Suppress prohibited operations

You can specify operations that are to be prohibited and use pop-up messages to notify users who try to perform these operations.

Examples

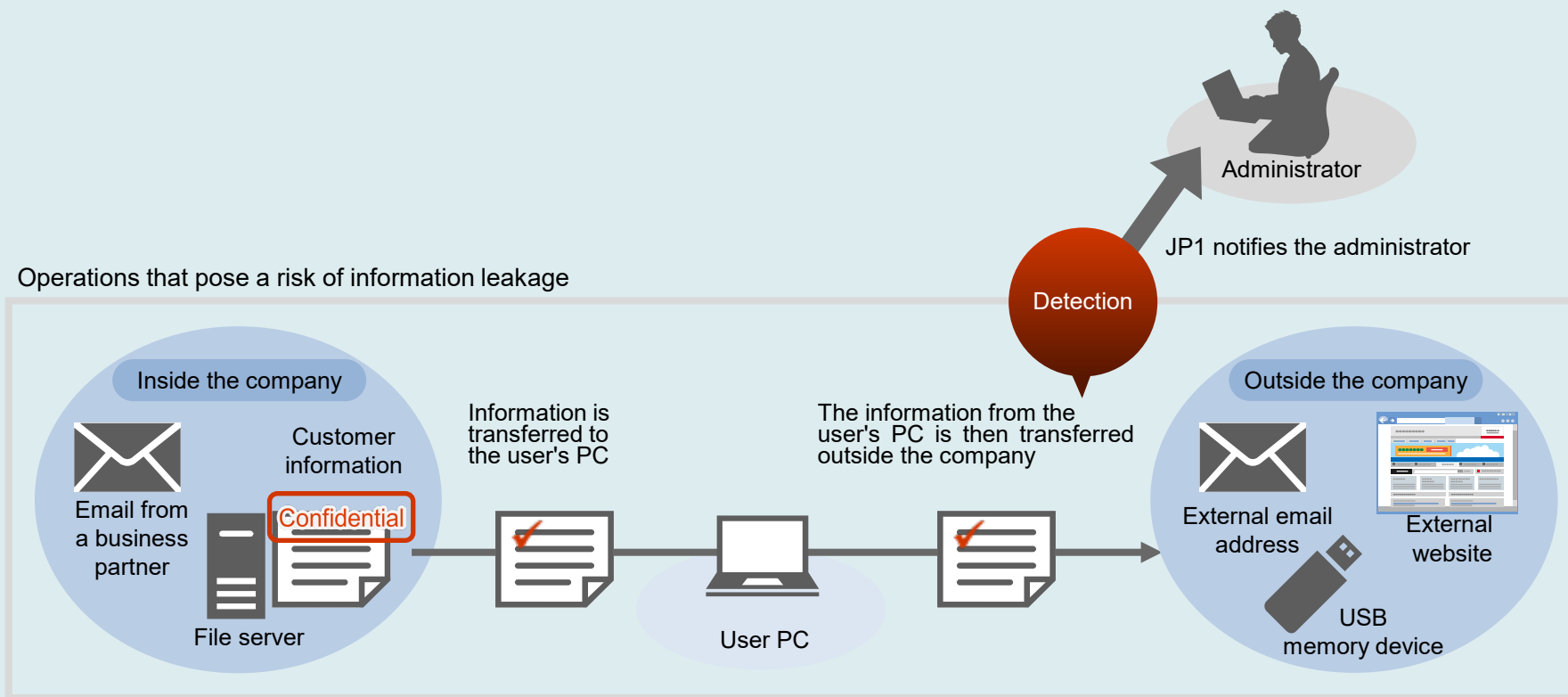
- Suppress printing from unauthorized PCs
- Suppress the startup of prohibited software
- Suppress the use of USB memory devices
- Suppress the use of CD and DVD media



Keep a log of operations:

Detect operations that pose a risk of information leakage and notify the administrator

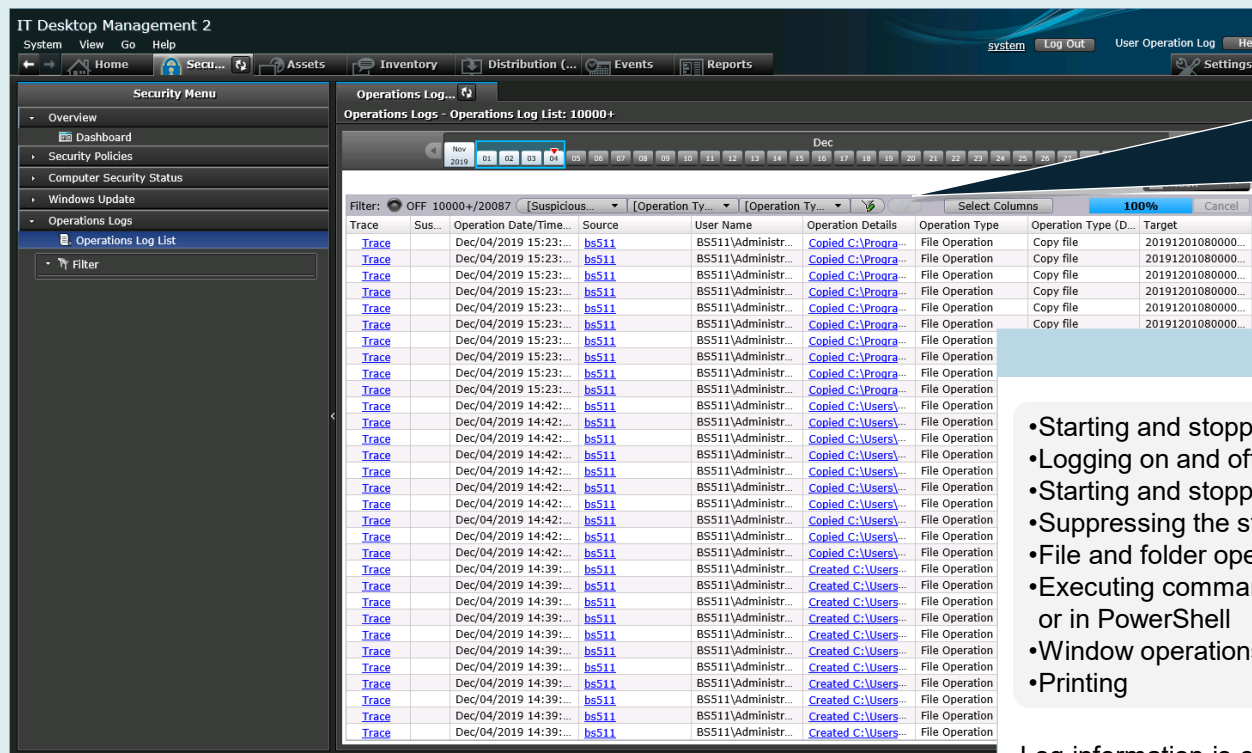
Monitor company files and files received from certain email addresses, websites, or other sources. Operations to transfer monitored files outside the company can be detected as suspicious operations. You can even record and manage operations that are performed while a PC is disconnected from the network, ensuring that no suspicious activity escapes your attention.



Keep a log of operations: Filter for operations that pose a risk of information leakage

Check the operations log more efficiently by filtering to show only operations that might leak information.

Security module (Operations Log List)



In the Operations Log List window, specify conditions to filter for specific log entries, such as the following:

- Log entries generated when a user operated on a file whose file name contained the word "customer"
- Entries from the operations log of a specific PC

...etc.

Operations for which log information can be collected

- Starting and stopping PCs
- Logging on and off
- Starting and stopping processes
- Suppressing the startup of programs
- File and folder operations*1
- Executing commands from a command prompt or in PowerShell
- Window operations
- Printing

- Suppressing printing operations
- Connecting and removing external media devices
- Blocking externally connected devices
- Web access (uploading and downloading data)*2
- FTP operations (sending and receiving files)*2
- Sending and receiving emails with attachments*2
- Saving attachments from emails*2

Log information is collected only about operations for which there is a risk of information being leaked, helping to minimize the size of the database that stores log data.

*1 Refers to operations in Windows Explorer and does not include operations performed in other software (such as Microsoft Office programs).

*2 For information on the browser (Microsoft Edge and Google Chrome) and email software (such as Outlook) for which operations log information can be obtained, see the applicable JP1 product manual.

Keep a log of operations: Trace suspicious operations

You can trace operations that pose a risk of information leaks in the Trace Operation Log dialog box. This dialog box provides information that includes when the operation was performed, who performed the operation, the source from which the file was obtained, how the file was obtained, and how the file was transferred outside the company.

Trace Operation Log dialog box

The screenshot shows the 'Trace Operation Log' dialog box. It has a title bar 'Trace Operation Log' and a close button. Below the title bar, it says 'Original File Created Date/Time: Dec/04/2019 14:41:02'. Under 'Log Tracing', there are two sections: 'Initial Operation' and 'Final Operation'. Each section has a 'Select Columns' button and a table. The 'Initial Operation' table has columns: S..., Operation Date/Time (...), Source, User Name, Operation..., Operation T..., and Operation T... The first row shows: Dec/04/2019 14:39:26, bs511, BS511\Ad..., Created C:..., File Operat..., and Create file. The 'Final Operation' table has columns: S..., Operation Date/Time (...), Source, User Name, Operation..., Operation..., and Operation... The first row is selected and shows: Dec/04/2019 15:23:21, bs511, BS511\Ad..., Copied C:..., File Oper..., and Copy file. Below these tables, it says 'Trace Logs from Initial Operation to Selected Final Operation.' and has an 'Export Operation Log List' button. At the bottom, there is a 'Help' button and a 'Close' button.

S...	Operation Date/Time (...)	Source	User Name	Operation...	Operation T...	Operation T...
	Dec/04/2019 14:39:26	bs511	BS511\Ad...	Created C:...	File Operat...	Create file

S...	Operation Date/Time (...)	Source	User Name	Operation...	Operation...	Operation...
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Dec/04/2019 15:23:21	bs511	BS511\Ad...	Copied C:...	File Oper...	Copy file
<input type="radio"/>						
<input type="radio"/>						
<input type="radio"/>						

S...	Operation Date/Time (...)	Source	User Name	Operation...	Operation...	Operation...
	Dec/04/2019 14:39:26	bs511	BS511\Ad...	Created C:...	File Operat...	Create file
	Dec/04/2019 14:42:15	bs511	BS511\Ad...	Copied C:...	File Operat...	Copy file
	Dec/04/2019 15:23:21	bs511	BS511\Ad...	Copied C:...	File Operat...	Copy file

① How the file in question first appeared on the user's PC

- When was the file obtained?
- Who obtained the file?
- Where did the file come from?
- How was the file obtained?

② Last operation performed on the file on the user's PC (the file obtained in ①)

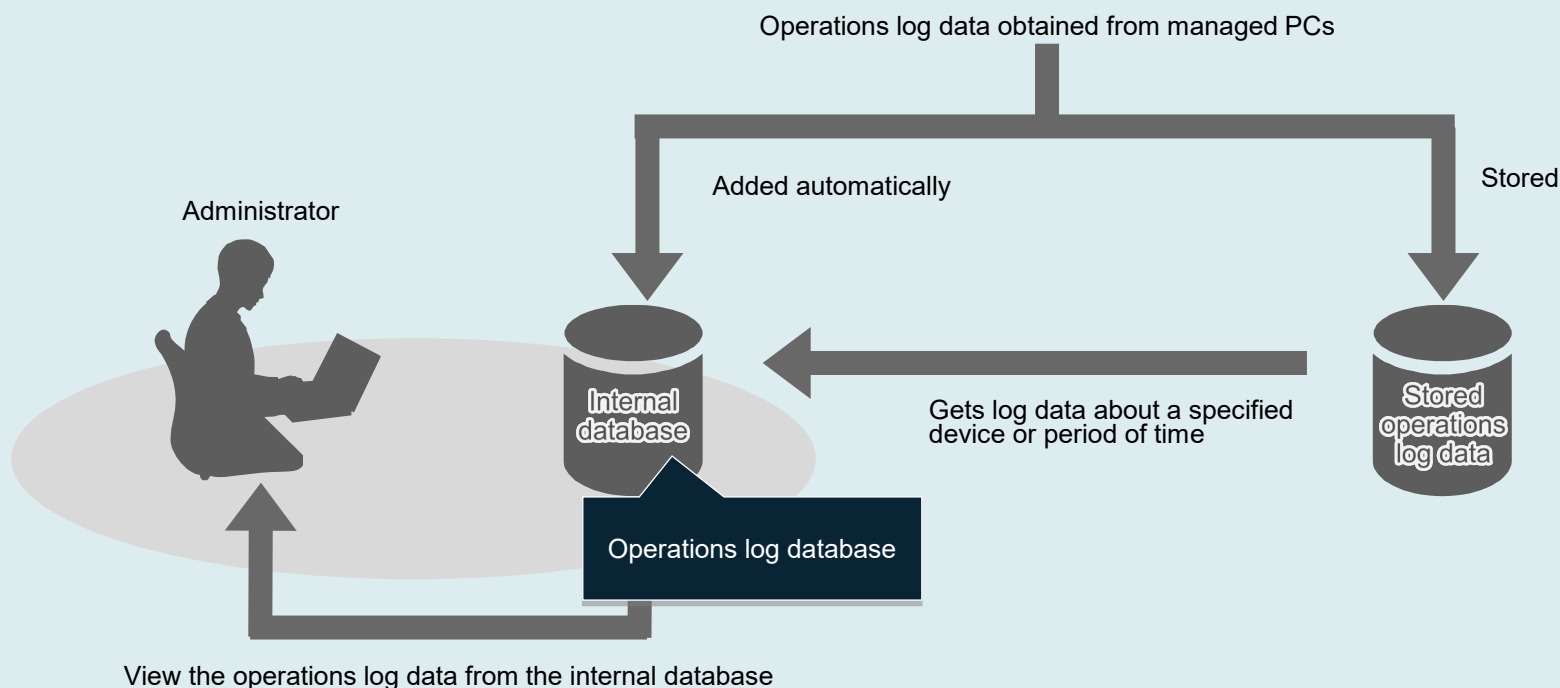
- Deleting the file
- Transferring the file off the PC, or sending the file as an email attachment
- Copying, moving, or renaming the file ...etc.

③ History of operations from ① to ②

Keep a log of operations:

Work with large amounts of operations log data from a single management server

JP1/IT Desktop Management 2 - Manager's internal database allows you to use a single management server for all of the functions you need, such as for storing, loading, and referencing large amounts of operations log data.



The internal database (operations log database) can hold a maximum of 30 to 500 days' worth of data.

1 to 300 days' worth of data is automatically added to this database.

For example, if the database can hold a maximum of 500 days' worth of data and 300 days' worth of data is automatically added, you can add up to 200 days' worth of data about specified devices or periods of time.

Restrict the use of USB memory devices

You can either prohibit the use of USB memory devices completely or permit the use of only devices that have been registered.* This function allows administrators to identify whenever an unapproved USB memory device is connected to a managed PC. Registered USB memory devices are kept in a list for easy verification, and you can use this list when you want to enable devices to make them immediately usable. To reduce the likelihood of information leaks, you can limit the USB memory devices that can be used throughout the company to approved devices only, or limit the use of a particular USB memory device to certain departments or sites.

Assets module (Department List)

*You can register any USB memory device that has a unique device instance ID.

The screenshot displays the IT Desktop Management 2 interface. The left sidebar shows the 'Assets Menu' with 'Department List' selected. The main area shows a table of 'Hardware Assets - Department List: 9'. A callout points to the 'Change Status' button in the table's header. Another callout points to the 'Change Asset Status' dialog box, which is open. The dialog box has fields for 'Asset Status' (set to 'In Use'), 'Department' (set to 'In Stock'), 'Location' (set to 'In Use'), 'User Name', 'Account', 'E-mail', and 'Phone'. There is also a checkbox for 'Add Notes' and a note about the relationship between Asset Status and Planned Asset Status. A third callout points to the 'File List' tab at the bottom of the interface, which shows a list of files stored on a particular USB memory device.

Change the settings to enable the use of a USB memory device

Enable a device by changing its status to "In Use"

Change Asset Status dialog box

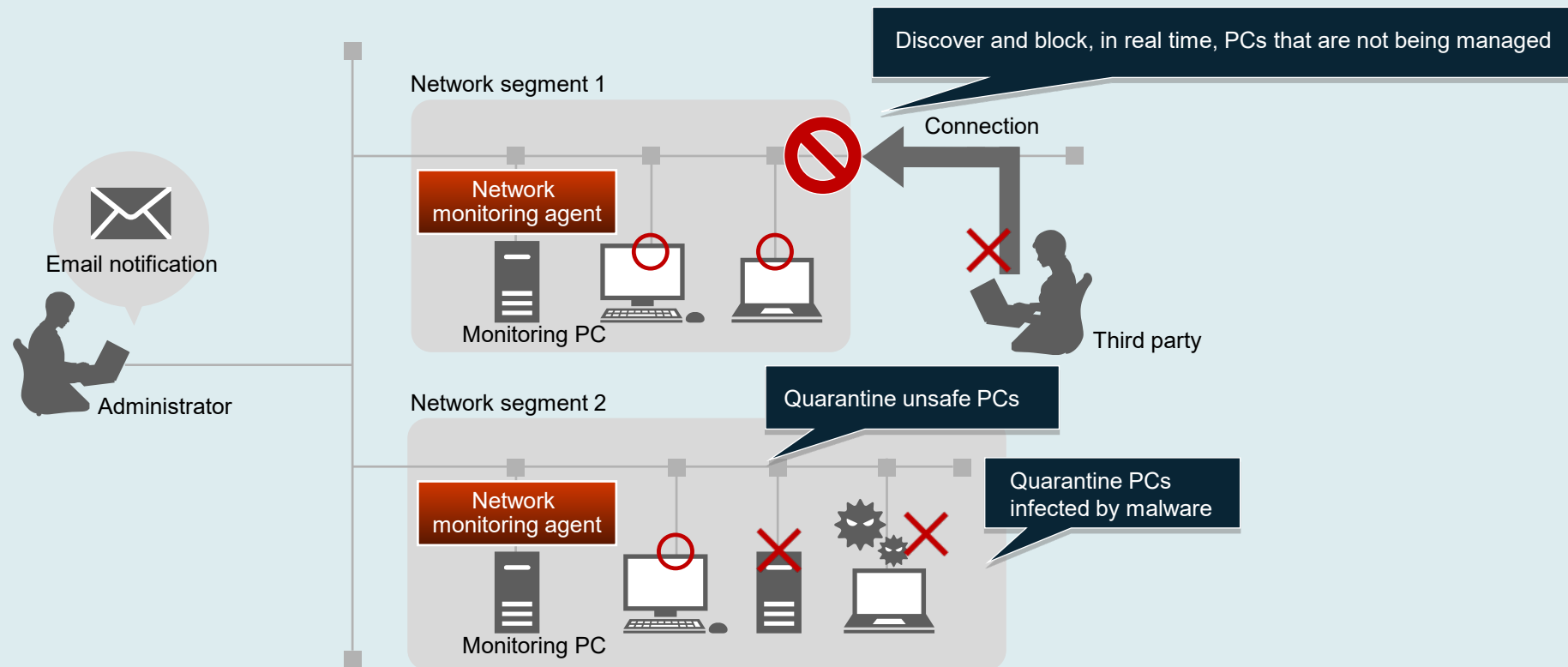
View a list of the files stored on a particular USB memory device

Device Type	Asset #	Device Name	Manufacturer	Asset Status	Planned Asset	Planned Date	Last Tracked
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	USB Device	USBDevice-00001	A-DATA USB Flash Dr...	A-DATA	In Use	-	Mar/14/20...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	USB Device	USBDevice-00002	A-DATA USB Flash Dr...	A-DATA	In Use	-	Mar/14/20...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	USB Device	USBDevice-00003	A-DATA USB Flash Dr...	A-DATA	In Use	-	Mar/14/20...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	USB Device	USBDevice-00004	A-DATA USB Flash Dr...	A-DATA	In Use	-	Mar/14/20...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	USB Device	USBDevice-00005	A-DATA USB Flash Dr...	A-DATA	In Use	-	Mar/14/20...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	USB Device	USBDevice-00006	A-DATA USB Flash Dr...	A-DATA	In Use	-	Mar/14/20...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	USB Device	USBDevice-00007	A-DATA USB Flash Dr...	A-DATA	In Use	-	Mar/14/20...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	USB Device	USBDevice-00008	A-DATA USB Flash Dr...	A-DATA	In Use	-	Mar/14/20...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	USB Device	USBDevice-00009	A-DATA USB Flash Dr...	A-DATA	In Use	-	Mar/14/20...

File Path	Size	Last Modified Date Time
G:\photo.jpg	185KB	
G:\System Information\EfaData\SYMEFA.DB	13KB	
G:\System Information\LightningSand.CFD	72B	

You can collect information about the files stored on any USB memory device that has a unique device instance ID. This helps when you want to check whether a device contains any data that must not be transferred outside the company. By getting a clear understanding of how data makes its way outside, you can take whatever measures are necessary to prevent information from leaking via USB memory devices.

When a PC that you are not managing attempts to connect to a network segment including another PC that is monitoring the network, the new PC is identified as a new device and can be blocked. In addition, PCs that are deemed unsafe and PCs infected by malware can be automatically quarantined. JP1 can send an email to the administrator whenever a PC is blocked or quarantined.



Tips

- After an unsafe PC is quarantined, the necessary security measures can be applied to that PC either automatically or manually. The PC is then reassessed and, if it is deemed secure, it is automatically granted permission to reconnect to the network.
- You can also configure the system so that PCs that you are not managing are not actually blocked from the network. Instead, a notification is simply sent to the administrator whenever JP1 detects that such a PC has connected to the network.
- By linking JP1 with Microsoft Intune and Microsoft Defender, you can automatically quarantine unsafe devices that have been infected by malware.

You can check whether there are any problems with security measures related to antivirus software, and distribute and install the newest versions of antivirus software products on PCs where such products are not up to date.

Security module (Device List)

The screenshot shows the 'IT Desktop Management 2' interface. The 'Security Menu' is expanded, showing 'Device List'. The 'Device List' table displays columns: Host Name, Violation Level, Assigned Policy, Policy Assessed Date, and Send. A callout points to the 'Send' column with the text 'Send messages notifying users of problems'. Below the table, the 'Summary' tab is selected, showing a table with columns: Configuration Item, Expected Status, and Current Status. A callout points to the 'Current Status' column with the text 'Determine the status of security measures related to antivirus software'.

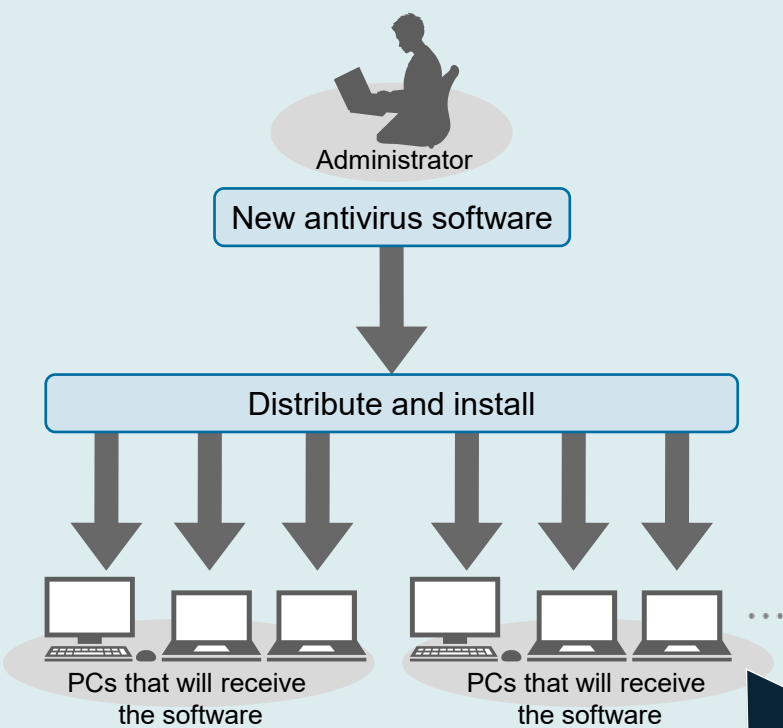
Host Name	Violation Level	Assigned Policy	Policy Assessed Date	Send
Sim24456	OK	Windows8.1	Dec/04/2019 00:00:...	Not...
Sim42987	OK	Windows7	Dec/04/2019 00:00:...	Not...
Sim14818	OK	Windows7	Dec/04/2019 00:00:...	Not...
Sim37443	OK	Windows8	Dec/04/2019 00:00:...	Not...
Sim42479	OK	Windows8	Dec/04/2019 00:00:...	Not...
Sim20413	OK	Windows7	Dec/04/2019 00:00:...	Not...
Sim41494	OK	Windows8	Dec/04/2019 00:00:...	Not...
Sim50750	OK	Windows8	Dec/04/2019 00:00:...	Not...
Sim40502	OK	Windows8	Dec/04/2019 00:00:...	Not...
Sim32676	OK	Windows8	Dec/04/2019 00:00:...	Not...
Sim52196	OK	Windows8	Dec/04/2019 00:00:...	Not...
Sim24542	OK	Windows8.1	Dec/04/2019 00:00:...	Not...
Sim37408	OK	Windows8	Dec/04/2019 00:00:...	Not...
Sim13855	OK	Windows7	Dec/04/2019 00:00:...	Not...

Configuration Item	Expected Status	Current Status
Antivirus Software Installation	Installed	Not Installed

Some of the antivirus software information that can be checked

- Whether a product is installed
- Product version
- Scan engine version
- Version of the virus definition file
- Date and time of the last scan

Note: Depending on the antivirus software, some types of information cannot be collected. For details, see the applicable JP1 product manual.



During installation, automatically power on PCs that are not running, and then power them off after installation is complete*

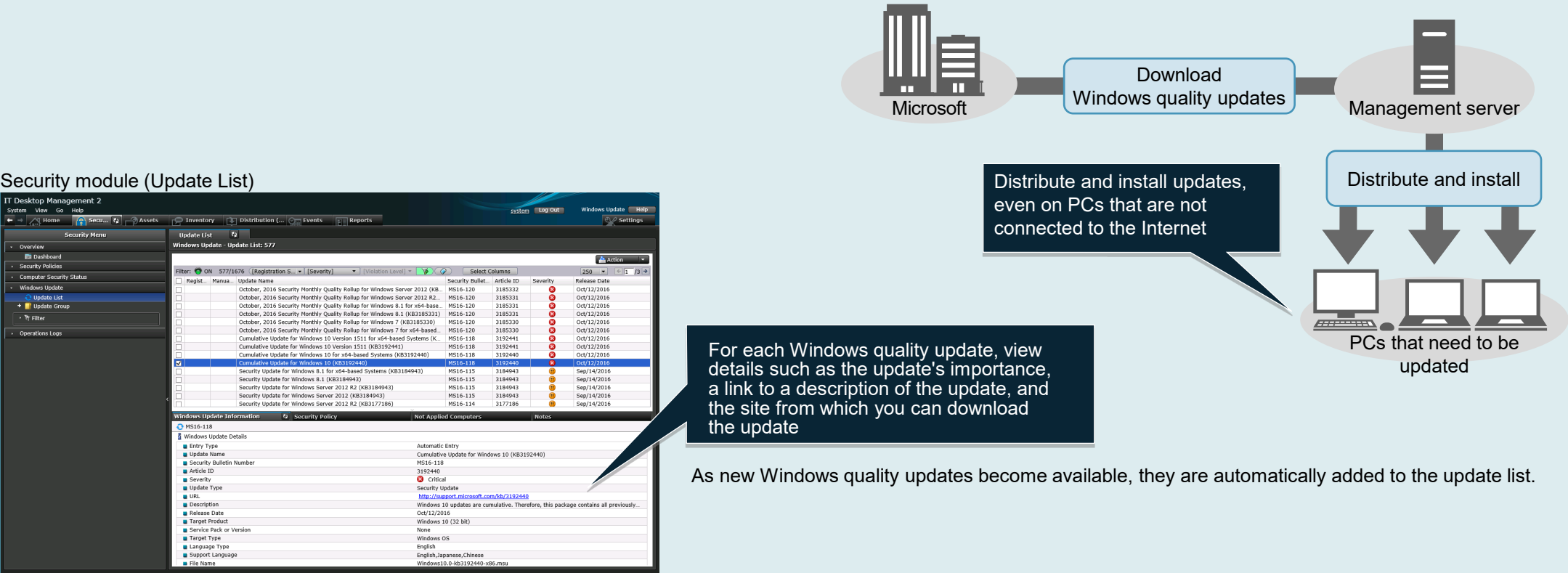
* To automatically power on a PC, the PC must support Wake-on-LAN or Intel AMT (Active Management Technology).

Security management

Install and manage Windows quality updates

Windows quality updates can be distributed and installed on PCs that you are managing. As long as the management server is connected to the Internet, the entire process can be automated.

You can manually distribute and install individual Windows quality updates, an indispensable option when there is an urgent update that needs to be installed right away.



Note: Automatic distribution of Windows quality updates requires a subscription to JP1 support services. It takes approximately two weeks from when Windows quality updates first become available until the time that they can be automatically distributed. The types of Windows quality updates that can be automatically distributed include important updates and security updates. Service packs and updates to other software (such as Microsoft Office) are not included.

- ✓ Need to accurately keep track of what software is installed, and how many PCs and devices you are managing?

Manage IT assets all in one place p. 21

With JP1, you can automatically collect information about hardware devices and software programs over the network. In addition to on-premises devices connected to the network, you can also manage notebook computers that are only occasionally connected to the network, as well as notebook computers, thin clients, and smart devices that are taken off-premises for remote work. Even contract-related information (such as the contract type and period) can be registered and managed in association with the relevant IT assets.

- ✓ Need to check whether you have enough licenses for your software?

Manage software licenses p. 24

JP1 can automatically identify what software is installed on managed PCs and then incorporate this information to show you the number of licenses you own, the number of licenses in use, and the number of licenses still available. You can check this data to make sure you are not using any software programs in excess of the licenses that you have purchased. JP1 also allows you to identify the PCs on which a program has been installed but to which no license has been allocated.

- ✓ Need to be able to easily search through a large number of contracts?

Manage contract information p. 25

JP1 allows you to manage contract information (contract type, start and end dates, status, etc.) in association with managed IT assets. Actual contract documents can be scanned and the resulting electronic data can then be saved as an attachment to the contract information. This means that, instead of having to search for physical documents, you can quickly and easily check the contents of a contract from JP1.

- ✓ Need to optimize the way you take stock of your IT assets?

Optimize your inventory processes p. 26

JP1 can be used to collect information about the types of devices being used at your company, including PCs and servers. You can keep data about your IT assets up to date simply by registering new devices and maintaining information about persons managing existing devices. You can also output this information to a list that can be used when checking for actual devices, making inventory processes more efficient.

- ✓ Need to address problems that occur on PCs without having to be on-site?

Control devices remotely p. 27

When a problem occurs on a PC at a remote site, you can solve the problem remotely from the convenience of your own desk. Remote connectivity allows you to send and receive required data to and from PCs. You can even record a video of your remote operations to use later when explaining the process to other users.

- ✓ Need to frequently distribute and install software on your company's PCs and servers?

Automate software distribution and installation p. 29

You can use JP1 to automatically distribute and install software on your company's remote PCs and servers. JP1 provides a wide array of functions that allow you to distribute software to only a specific subset of PCs (for example, PCs belonging to a particular department) and to specify the date and time when software is to be distributed and installed. With these and many other detailed settings, JP1 allows you to customize your software distribution operations.

- ✓ Need to apply Windows feature updates without interrupting your operations?

Install and manage Windows feature updates p. 30

You can use JP1 to postpone the application of Windows 11 feature updates or to disable automatic updates. This prevents your OSs from being updated automatically, thereby lightening the load on the network when an update is distributed and allowing you to control the timing of updates. As a result, you can apply OS updates in a planned manner with a minimum impact on business operations, even in a large-scale environment.

- ✓ Need to ensure the proper management of smart devices used in your company?

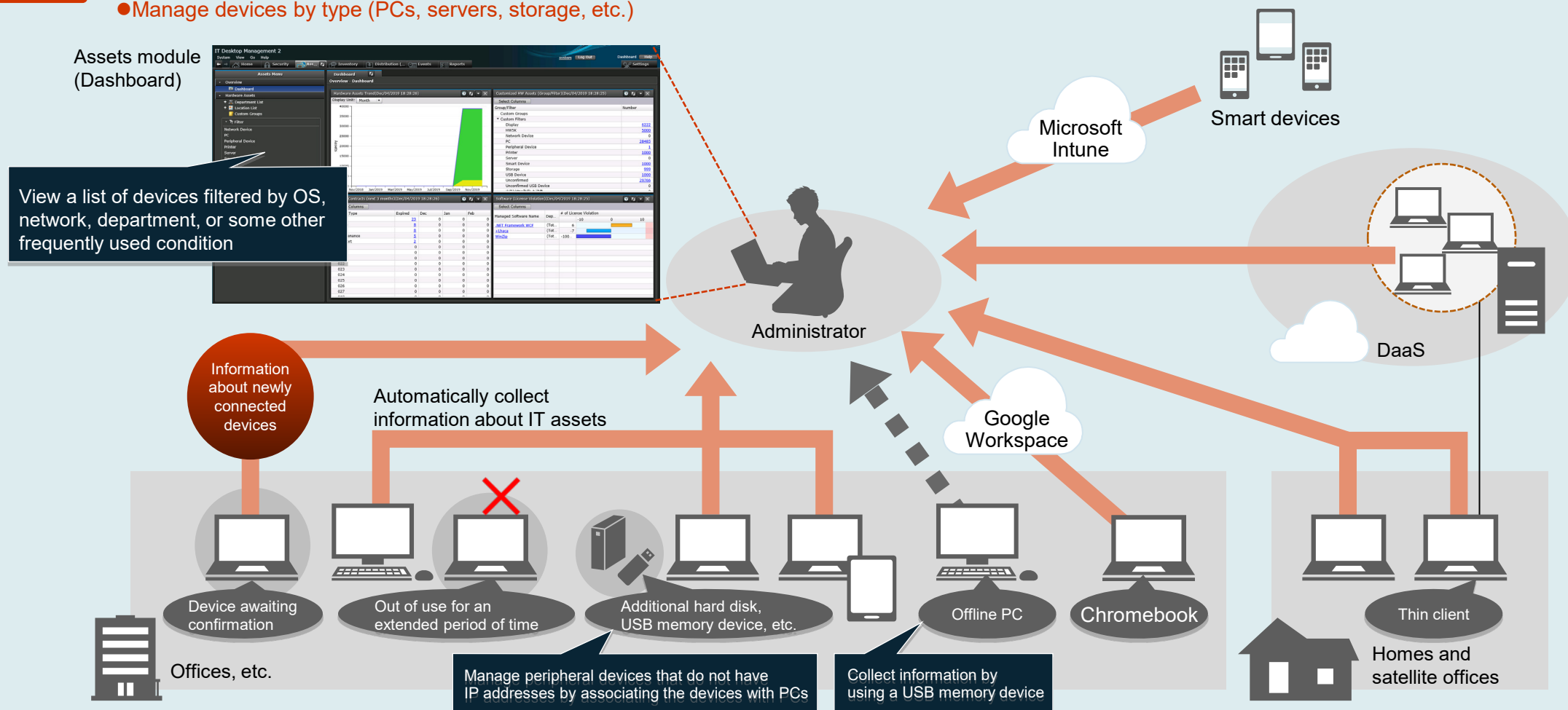
Manage smart devices p. 31

JP1 allows you to collect information from smart devices (such as smartphones and tablets) and manage them together with other devices such as computers and servers. If a smart device is lost, the administrator can lock or initialize the device to mitigate risks.

You can collect all types of information about a device, from its specifications (such as its operating system, memory, and hard disk capacity) to network information (such as its IP address and MAC address). You can even collect information about a PC's users and associated department. Based on this information, JP1 can identify whenever someone connects an unknown device to the network and then inform the administrator that a new device needs to be confirmed.

Examples

- Identify PCs that have been disconnected from the network for an extended period of time
- Manage devices by type (PCs, servers, storage, etc.)

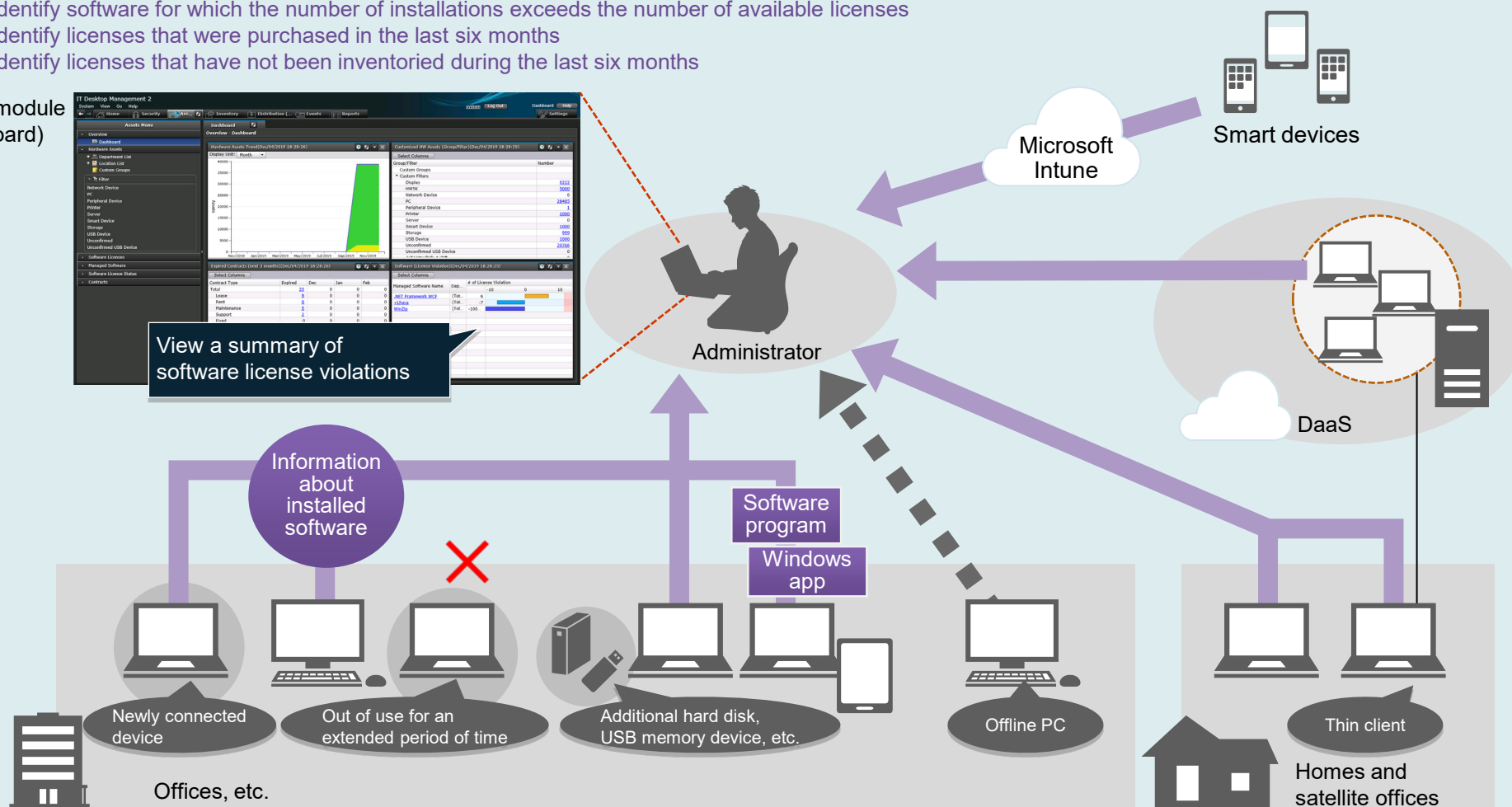
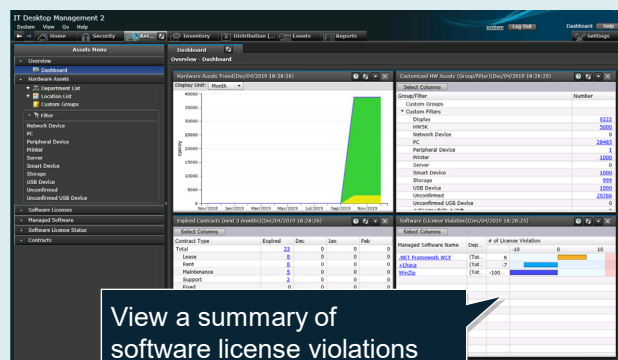


You can use JP1 to collect information about installed programs and Windows apps, including their names, their versions, and when they were installed. After collecting this information, if you discover a program or an app that you want to prohibit, you can do so easily from the list of installed programs and apps. JP1 can also be used to automatically aggregate data about software license use, such as the number of times a program has been installed and the number of licenses you own for that program. You can use this information to make sure that your licenses are being used properly.

Examples

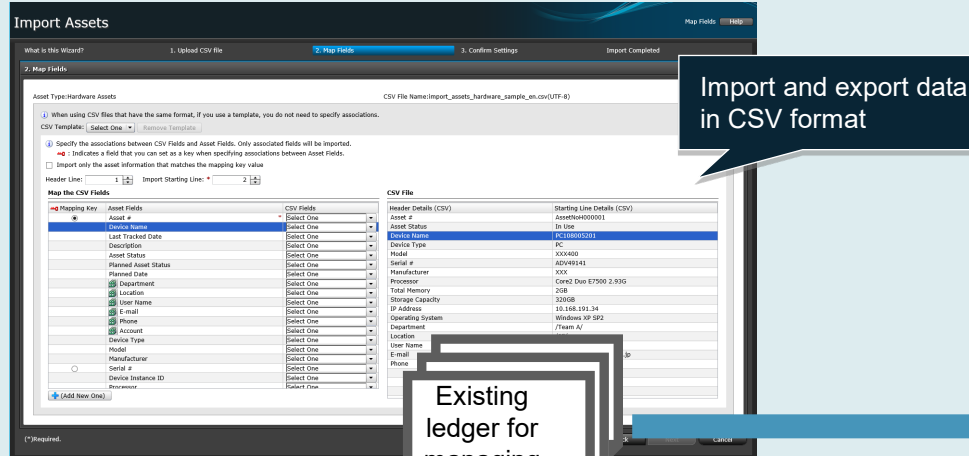
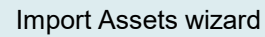
- Identify software for which the number of installations exceeds the number of available licenses
- Identify licenses that were purchased in the last six months
- Identify licenses that have not been inventoried during the last six months

Assets module
(Dashboard)



If you already have a ledger for managing your IT assets or a ledger for recording contract information (the names and contact information of vendors you have contracted with), you can easily import it into JP1 by using the Import Assets wizard. The imported information can then be used in combination with data that JP1 automatically collects, such as information about devices, software, and contracts (contract type, contract period, etc.).

Assets module (Dashboard)

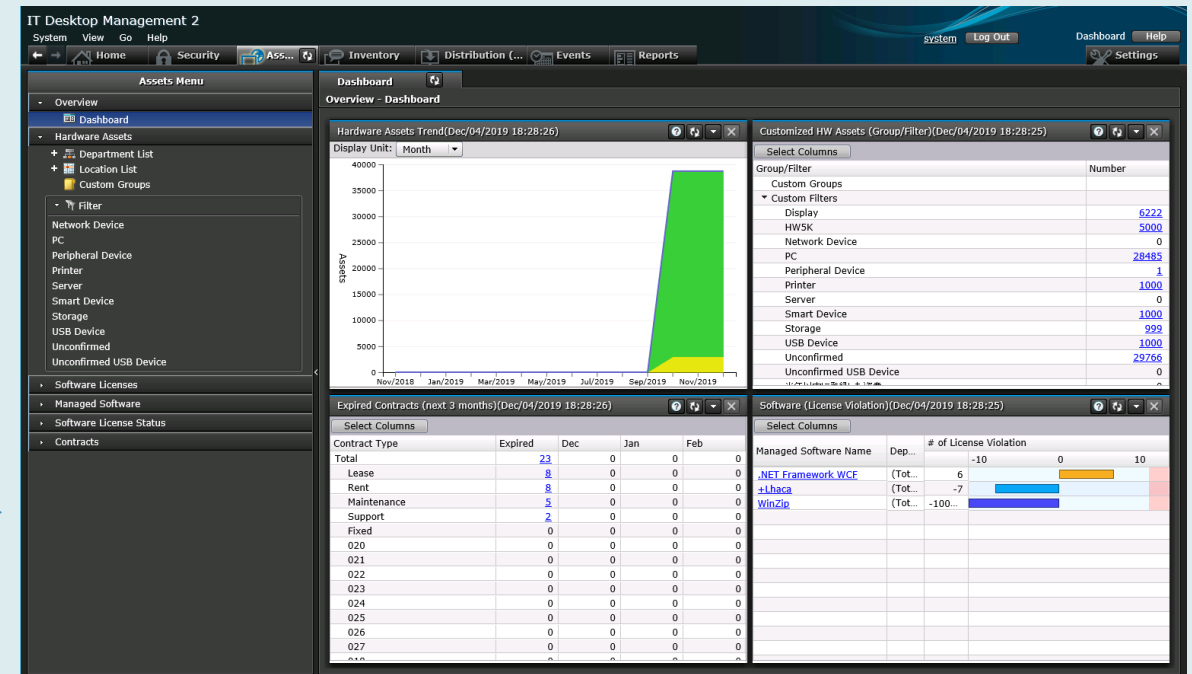


Existing ledger for managing IT assets

Centrally manage contract information as well

Contract information
(company name, contact information, etc.)

Administrator



With JP1, you can determine the number of software licenses that have been allocated, the PCs to which they have been allocated, the number of times the software has actually been installed, and the PCs on which the software has been installed. If software has been installed on a PC that has not been allocated a license, you can inform the user of that PC that, as a rule, permission to use any software must be obtained via the proper procedures before users are allowed to install that software. This monitoring ability helps prevent both unapproved installations and license violations.

Assets module (Managed Software List)

For each software program, check the number of licenses you own, how many are being used, and how many have not been allocated

License Total	Number of Used Licenses	1:▼	Remaining License Total
332	316		16
5	0		5
2	2		-

Tips

- Licenses for Microsoft Office products can be managed as either product licenses or volume licenses. Managing licenses as volume licenses is done by grouping individual licenses by product ID.*
- JP1 automatically calculates the number of software licenses that are currently in use and then compares this number with the number of licenses you own to determine whether you have a license surplus or deficit. All of this information can be viewed in a report.

* Some Microsoft Office products cannot be managed by product ID.

You can manage support service contracts, rental agreements, lease agreements, and other types of contracts by registering information about each contract and associating it with information about the relevant assets. JP1 helps you identify contracts whose expiration dates are drawing near, allowing you to take action before contracts expire.

Assets module (Contract List)

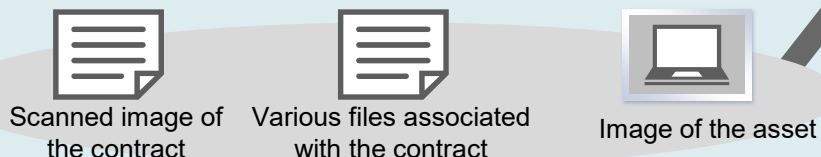
Manage information about software contracts and more in a list

Filter by the contract type, name of the vendor you have contracted with, contract status, etc.

View information about the contract

Home module (panel showing expired contracts and those that expire in the next three months)

Expired Contracts (next 3 months)(D...				
Select Columns				
Contract Type	Expired	Dec	Jan	Feb
Total	23	0	0	0
Lease	8	0	0	0
Rent	8	0	0	0
Maintenance	5	0	0	0
Support	2	0	0	0
Fixed	0	0	0	0
020	0	0	0	0
021	0	0	0	0

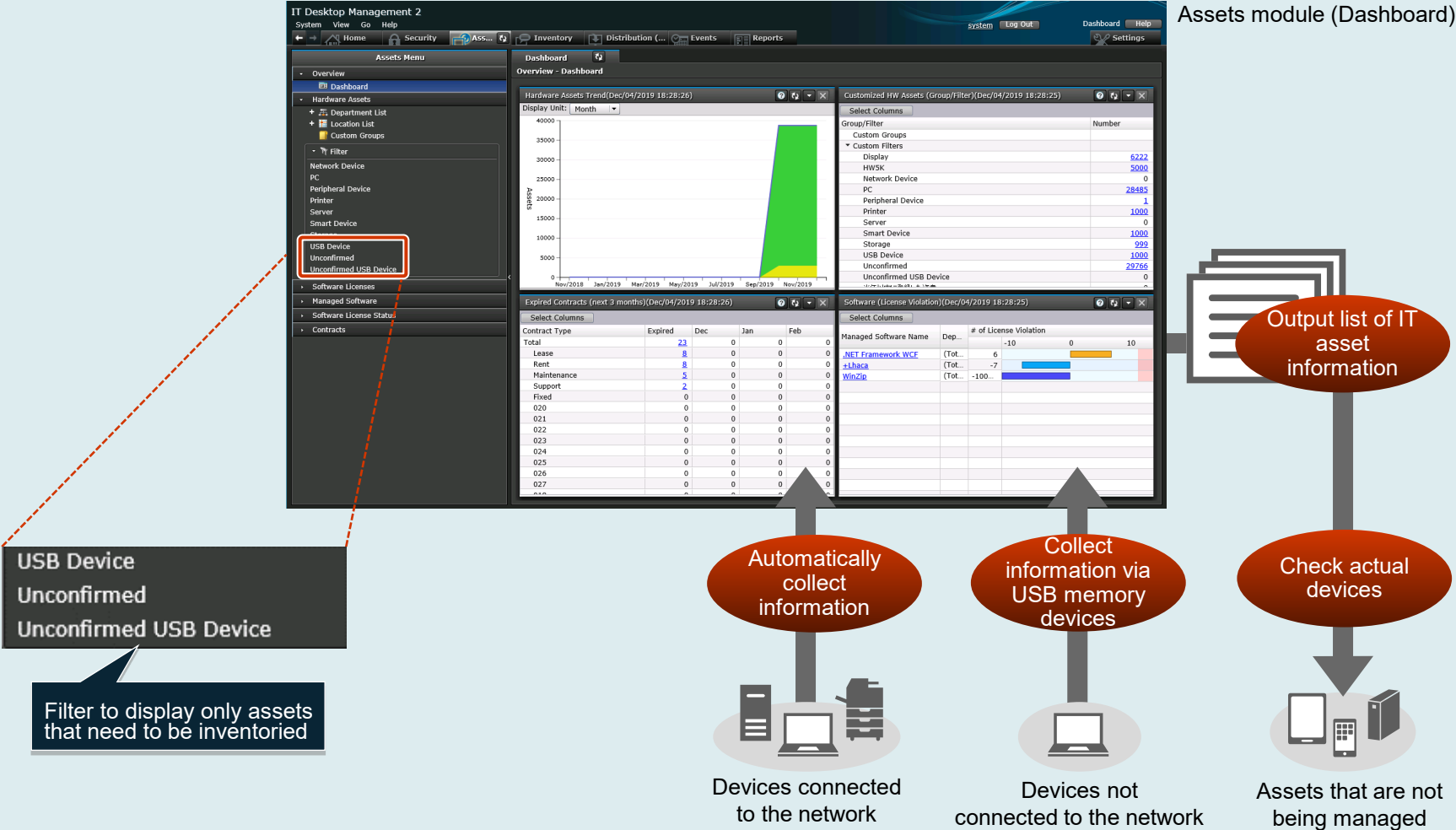


Include multiple attachments, regardless of the type of data

Tips

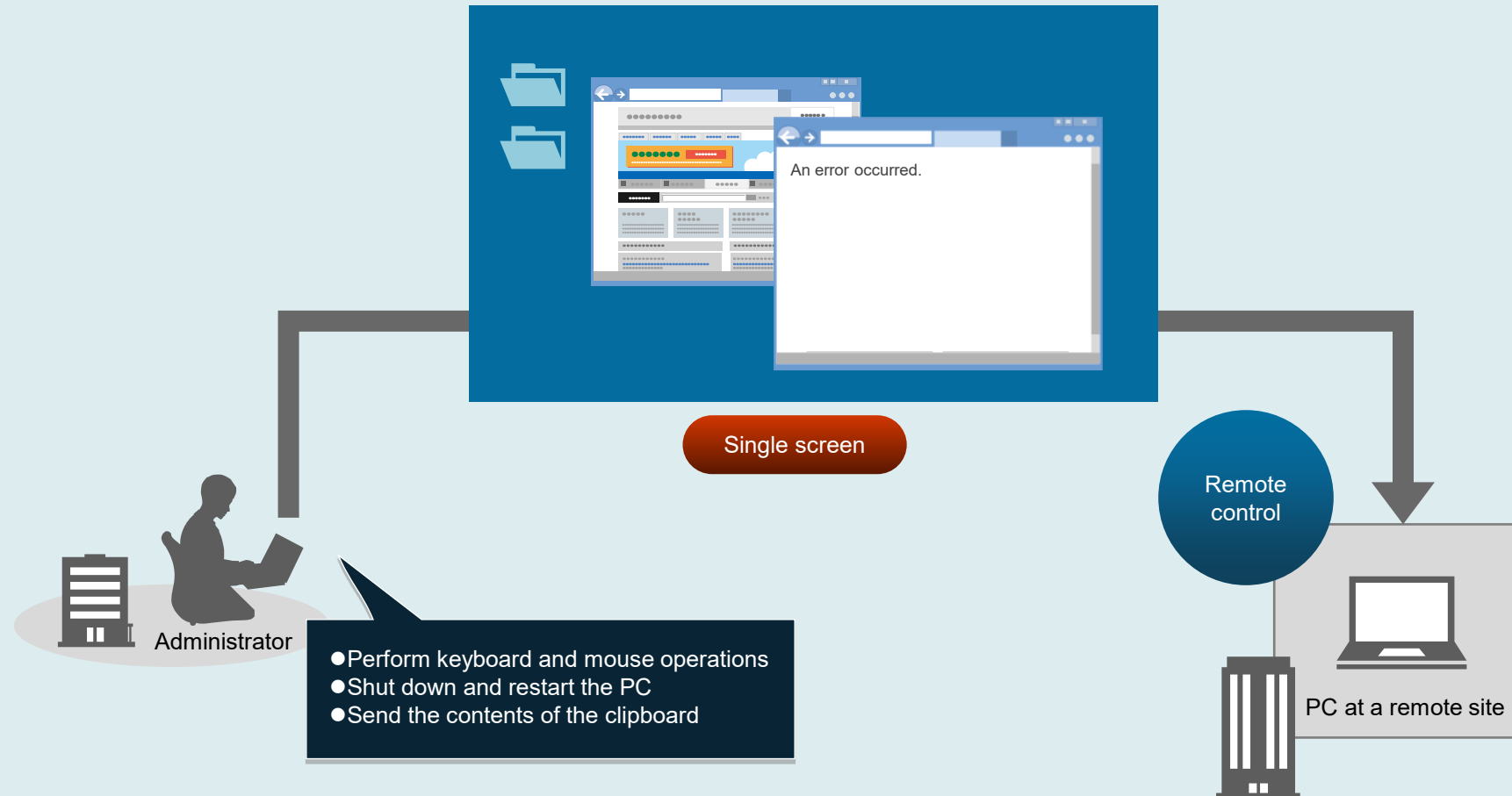
- By configuring the Home module to display contract expiration dates, you can easily check which contracts are set to expire in the near future.
- Contract expiration dates are also included in the summary reports that are created on a daily, weekly, and monthly basis, helping to ensure that contracts are renewed before they expire.

Even if the person managing a PC or other device changes (for example, because the department moves to a new location or the device is now managed by another department), you can still confirm the existence of that device as long as it is connected to the network. Based on information such as the device's IP address, you can easily identify the device's location, helping you take stock of your assets more efficiently.

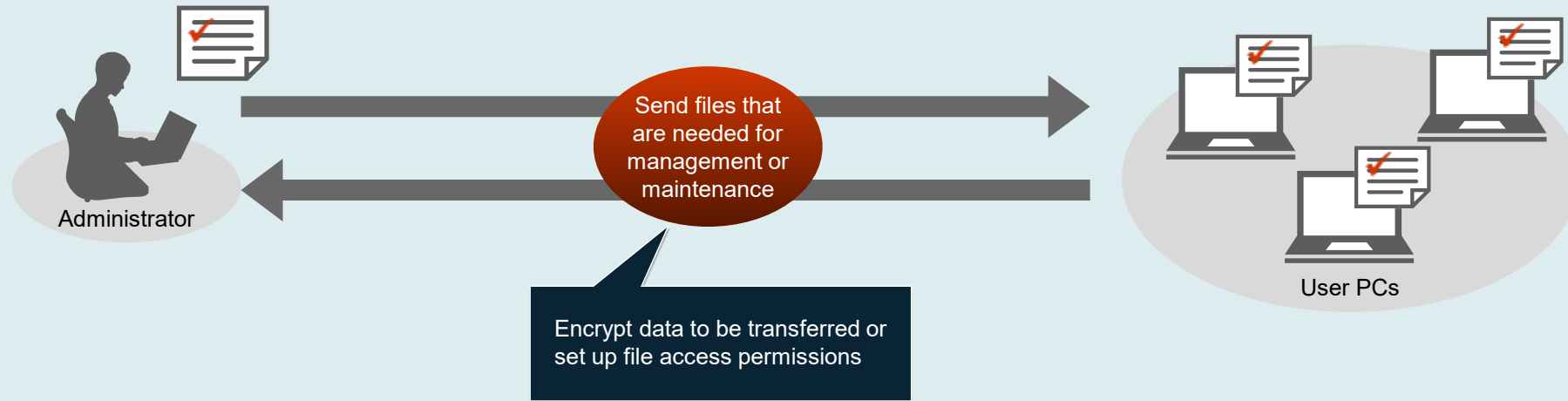


Control devices remotely: Perform operations on remote PCs

Administrators can connect to a remote PC and view its desktop from their own PCs. By doing so, administrators are able to operate remote PCs in exactly the same way as if they were operating their own PCs.



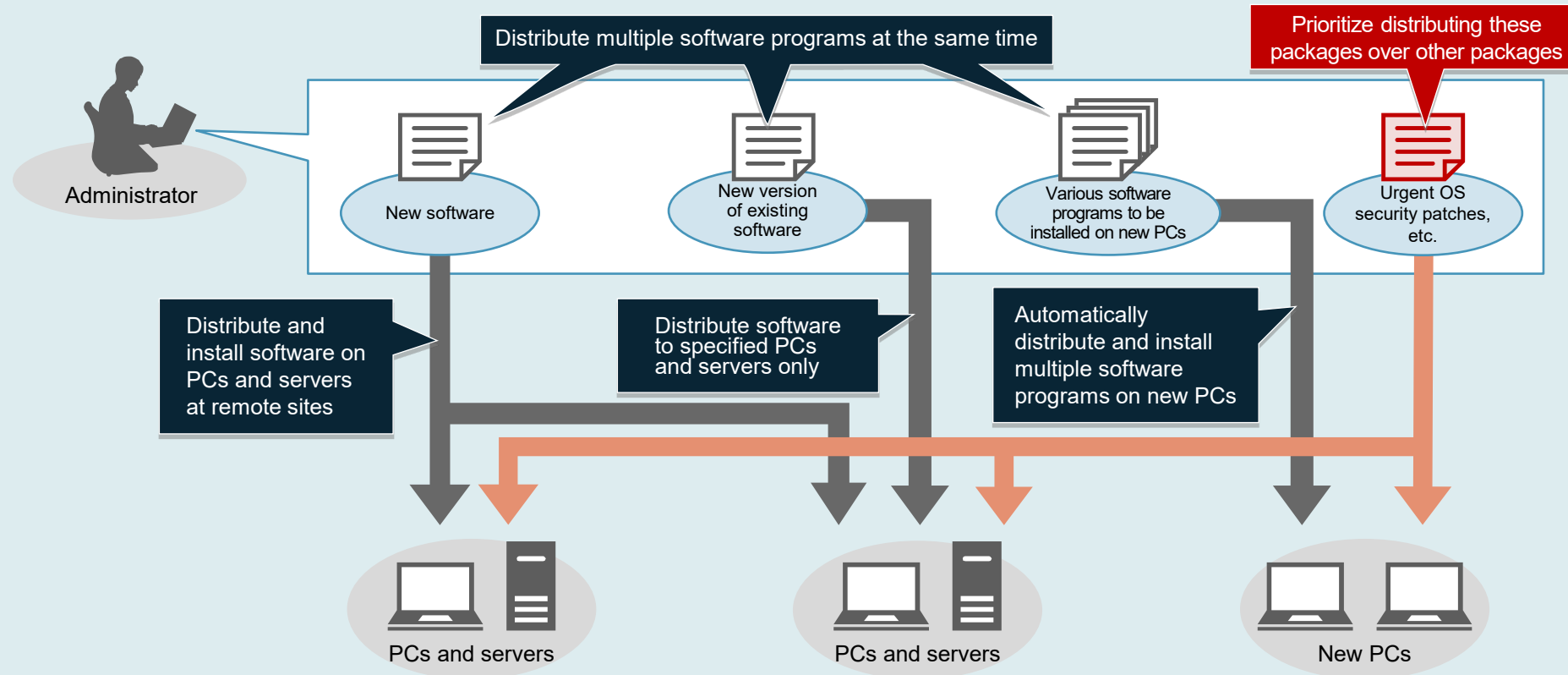
By using standard Windows Explorer operations, you can view the files on a remote computer that are needed for management or maintenance and send files by using drag-and-drop operations. Moreover, you can connect to multiple computers and send files to all of them at the same time. These features can be useful when you want to collect and analyze the log files from multiple PCs on which a problem has occurred, or when you want to send data to multiple PCs.

**Tips**

- In addition to recording and playing back a video of your operations, you can also communicate (via chat) with the user of the remote computer in real time.
- To ensure that your company's PCs do not become subject to illicit remote operations, you can dictate which PCs and users are permitted to perform remote operations.
- When the remote PC supports AMT*, the optical drive on the administrator's PC can be used as if it were a drive on the remote PC.

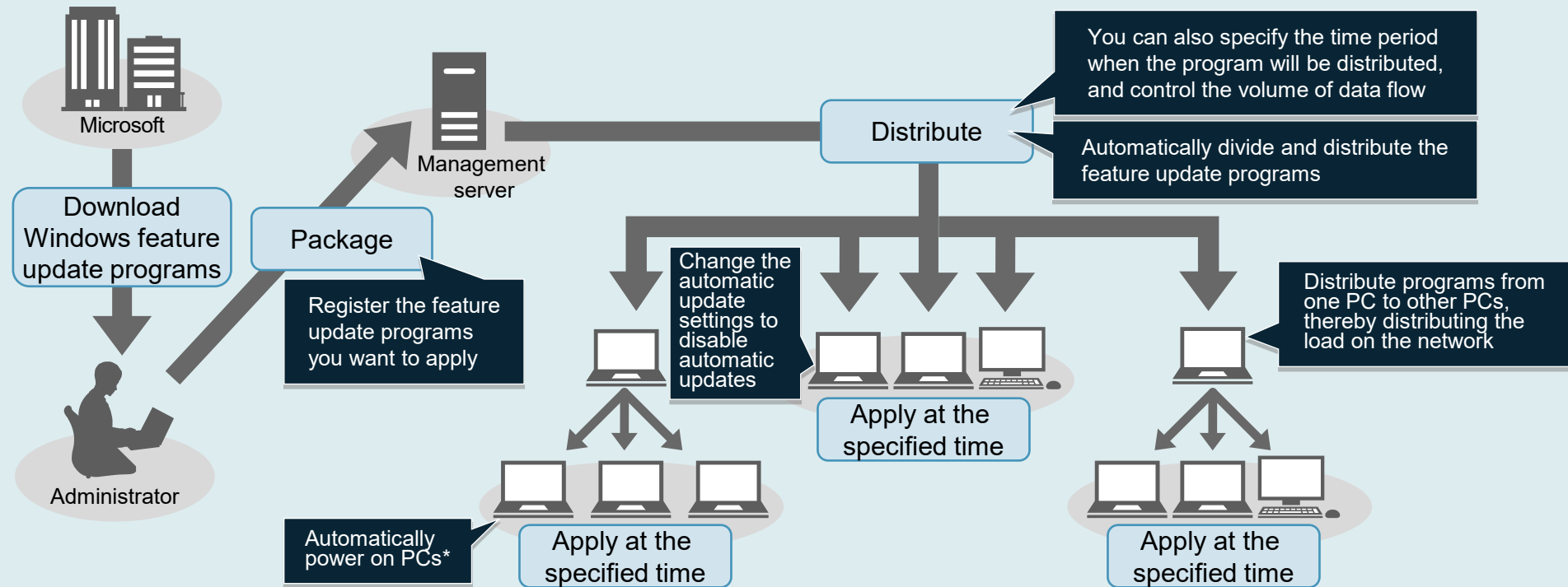
* For information on the versions of AMT that are supported by JP1, see the applicable JP1 product manual.

JP1 helps you efficiently distribute and install software programs (prepared by an administrator) on your company's PCs and servers, even those at remote sites. Use this feature to upgrade any software program to its latest version on multiple PCs in a single step, install software onto new PCs, and more.

**Tip**

When you want to send a software program or file to multiple PCs and servers, you can reduce the overall size of the data to be sent, or split large files so that they can be sent at specified intervals. These techniques can reduce the load on your network.

When a Windows feature update program is downloaded to the administrator's PC, you can distribute the update to multiple PCs according to a plan that places minimal load on the network. You can then apply the update in a batch operation, on a date and time that you specify in advance. In this way, you can control the application of Windows feature updates to PCs within your company.



* To automatically power on a PC, the PC must support Wake-on-LAN or Intel AMT (Active Management Technology).

Tip

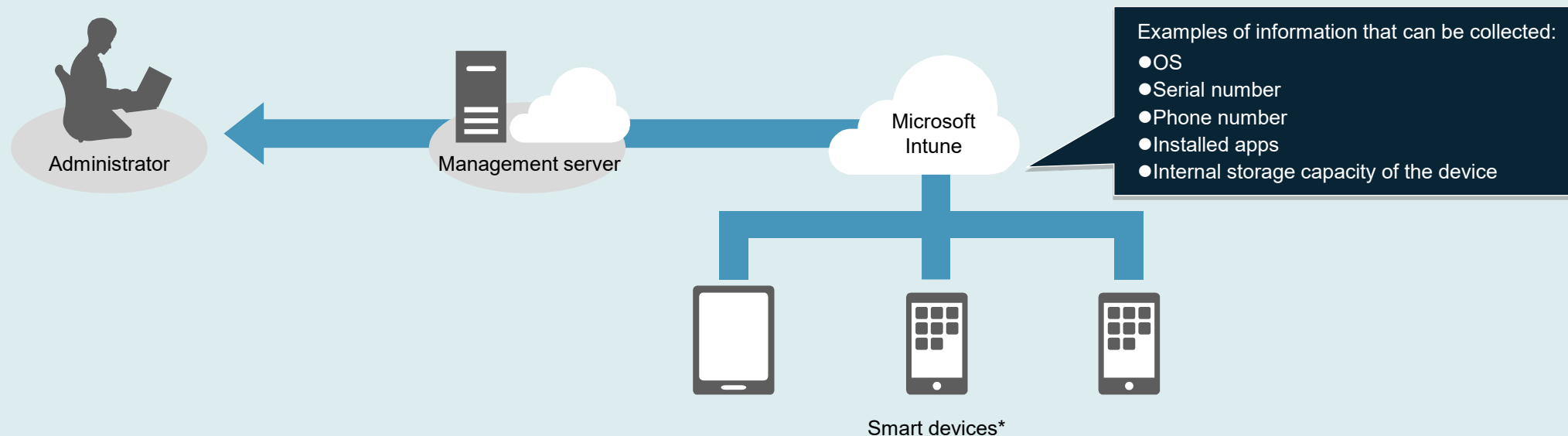
You can output, to a CSV file, information about the application statuses of Windows feature update programs for PCs within your company. This allows you to easily check the application statuses in list form.

Manage smart devices:

Collect information about and control smart devices

■ Collect information about smart devices

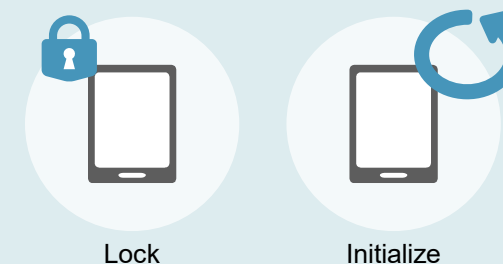
By linking with Microsoft Intune, JP1 can collection information about smart devices, such as their OS, serial number, and contract phone number. You can manage this information from the same window that you use to manage PCs and servers.



*JP1 can be used to manage devices running iOS, iPadOS, Android, or Windows.

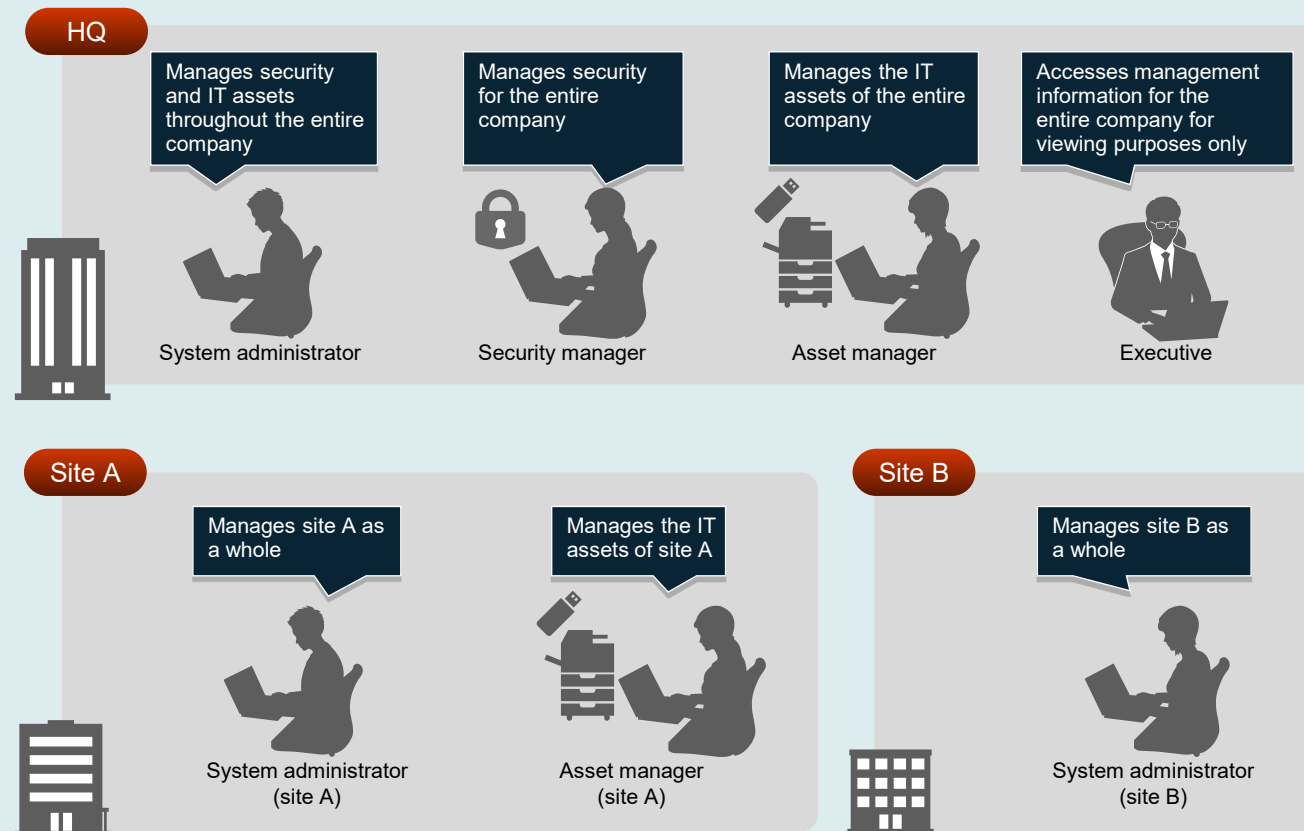
■ Protect smart devices

When smart devices are used for work, you inevitably incur some risks. JP1's functions for controlling smart devices help you mitigate these risks. For example, when someone loses a smart device, you can ensure that anyone who happens to pick up the lost device will not be able to use it, such as by locking the device or initializing it to prevent information leaks.



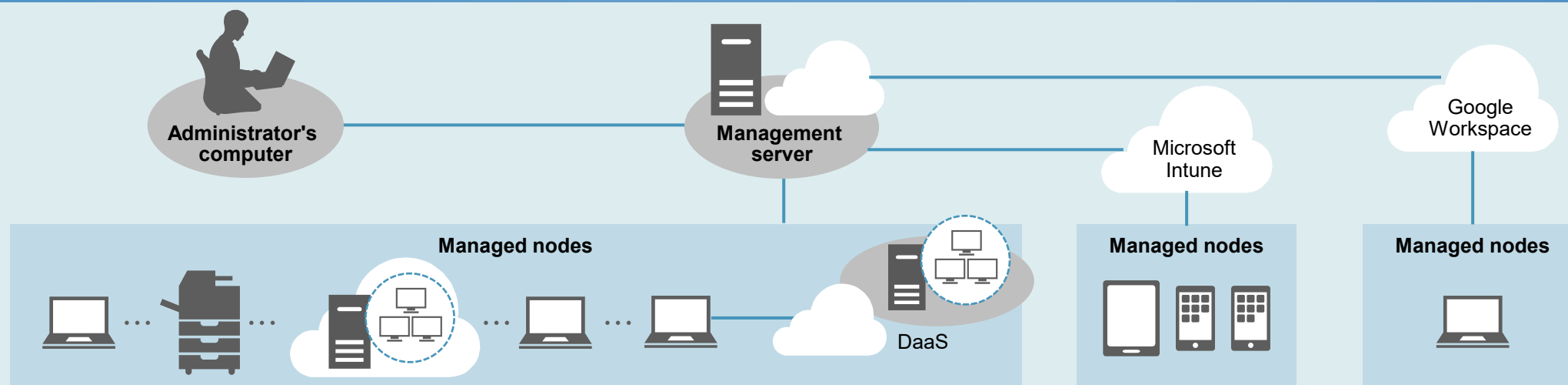
Divide work among multiple administrators: Set the management scope for each type of user

When you need to manage a large number of devices or devices located at different sites, you might want to divide management responsibilities among multiple administrators, and JP1 lets you do just that. You can even help your administrators work more efficiently by providing them with customized windows that show only the information that they need for the departments or operations that they are managing. You can define what each type of administrator can manage by configuring view permissions and update permissions. For example, you might grant a general administrator permission to view and update any information across the entire company, but grant the administrator at a single site permissions that relate only to his or her local IT assets.



Example of a system configuration

- **Example of a system configuration**



■ Administrator's computer

A web browser (Microsoft Edge, Firefox, or Google Chrome) must be installed.

■ Management server

Supported OSs:
Windows Server 2022, Windows Server 2019, and Windows Server 2016
Required hard drive space:
For the program: 2.5 GB or more
For data storage: 20 GB or more
(If you want to collect the operations log and revision history archive, more space is required. For details, see the applicable JP1 product manual.)
CPU:
2.0 GHz processor or faster
RAM:
2.0 GB or more
(This is the amount of RAM required by JP1 and does not include the amount of RAM required by the OS or other applications.)

■ Managed nodes

Supported OSs for managed nodes:

- Windows 11, Windows 10, Windows 8.1, Windows 8, and Windows 7
- Windows Server 2022, Windows Server 2019, Windows Server 2016, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows Server 2012, and Windows Server 2008 R2
- macOS 15, macOS 14, macOS 13, macOS 12, macOS 11, macOS 10.15, macOS 10.14, macOS 10.13, and macOS 10.12
- OS X 10.11, and OS X 10.10
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux® 9, Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8, Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7, Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6, and Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5
- Oracle Linux 9, Oracle Linux 8, Oracle Linux 7, and Oracle Linux 6
- CentOS 8, CentOS 7, and CentOS 6
- AIX 7.3, AIX 7.2, AIX 7.1, and AIX 6.1
- HP-UX 11iV3
- Solaris 11, and Solaris 10

Prerequisite OS for smart devices: iOS, iPadOS, Android, or Windows
Prerequisite OS for Chromebook devices: ChromeOS, ChromeOS Flex

DaaS: Desktop as a Service

Note:

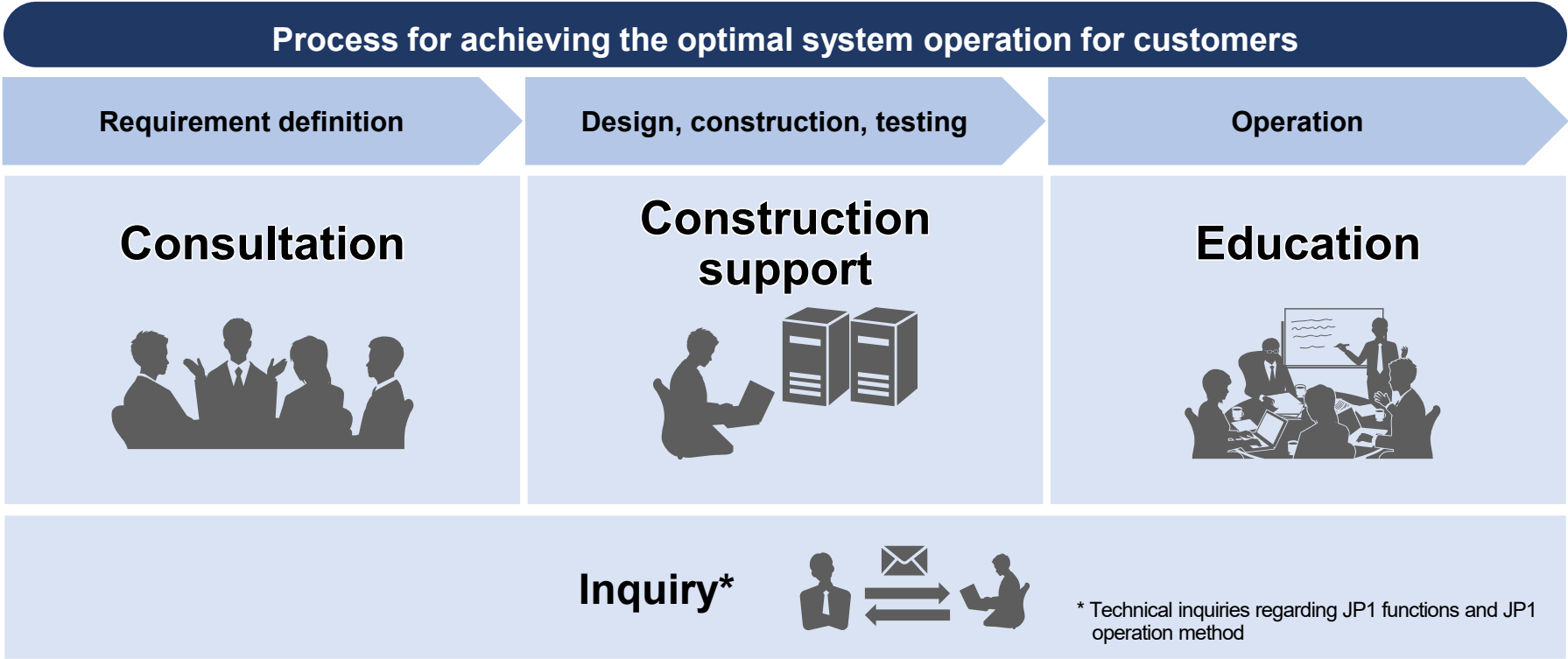
- macOS, OS X, Red Hat® Enterprise Linux® 7, 6, and 5, Oracle Linux 7 and 6, CentOS, AIX, HP-UX, and Solaris are supported for JP1 V12. The sales period for JP1 V12 products is until the end of September 2026, and the support period is until the end of September 2034.
- The above system configuration is an example that uses JP1/IT Desktop Management 2 - Manager. To manage smart devices, you will also need Microsoft Intune. For details about system configurations, see the applicable JP1 product manual.
- For details about supported OSs and the corresponding product versions, visit the JP1 website. In some cases, an OS might be supported for a certain product, but individual functions within that product might not be available in that OS.

Support for safe use

- **JP1 professionals assist customers**
- **One-stop problem resolution at an early stage**
- **Long-term use with peace of mind and guaranteed compatibility with preceding versions**
- **Global use with peace of mind**
- **Reliable quality for customers**

We can achieve the optimal system operation for our customers.

JP1 professionals can derive a system operation method suitable for the customer's requirements, system scale, and environment, and help achieve a network management system.



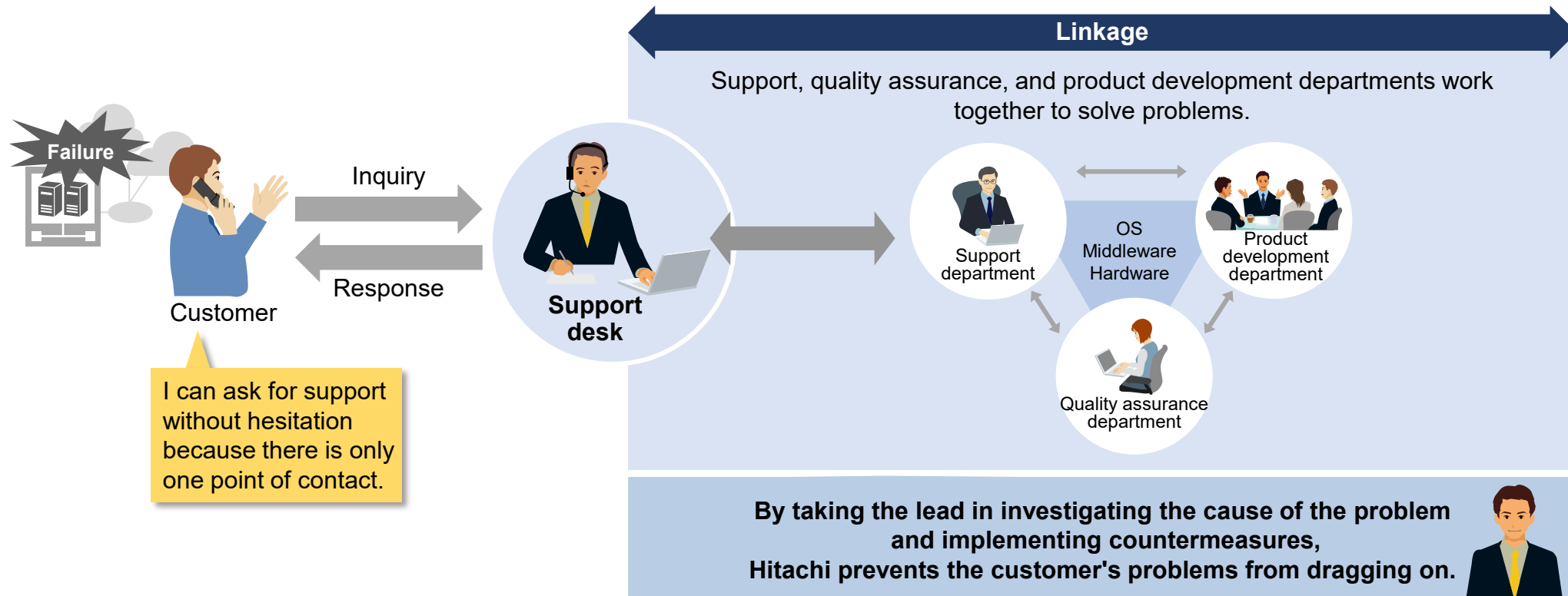
By involving JP1 professionals, you can clarify system operation requirements, shorten the examination and implementation period, and smoothly hand over to the operation team.

JP1 professionals are engineers who have a specified level of JP1 skills and have been certified based on the JP1 Engineer Qualification System.

**We provide one-stop support to solve problems quickly.
This reduces the burden on customers of a problem occurs.**

We provide support for early stage resolution of complex problems, which can involve multiple elements such as operating systems and middleware.

One-stop support resolves problems quickly, prevents recurrence, and ensures stable operation of customer systems



Long-term use with peace of mind and guaranteed compatibility with preceding versions

HITACHI

You can use JP1 for a long time and expand your business systems without worry.

We provide continuous support even when the customer's system has a long life cycle.
JP1 ensures compatibility between versions, allowing for gradual system expansion.

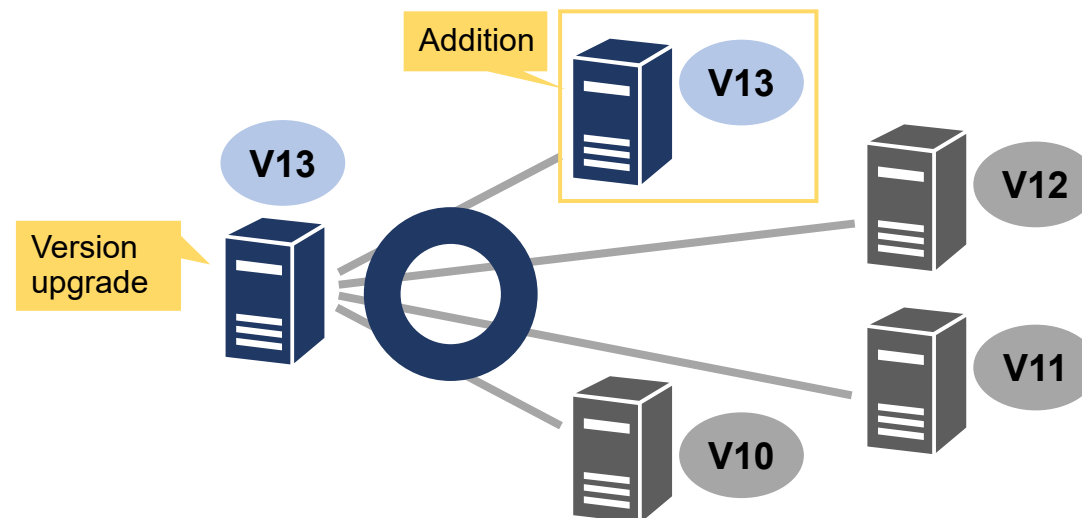
Long-term support for the life cycle of customer systems



At least 10 years of support is guaranteed

with the same version

Flexible support for business system expansion



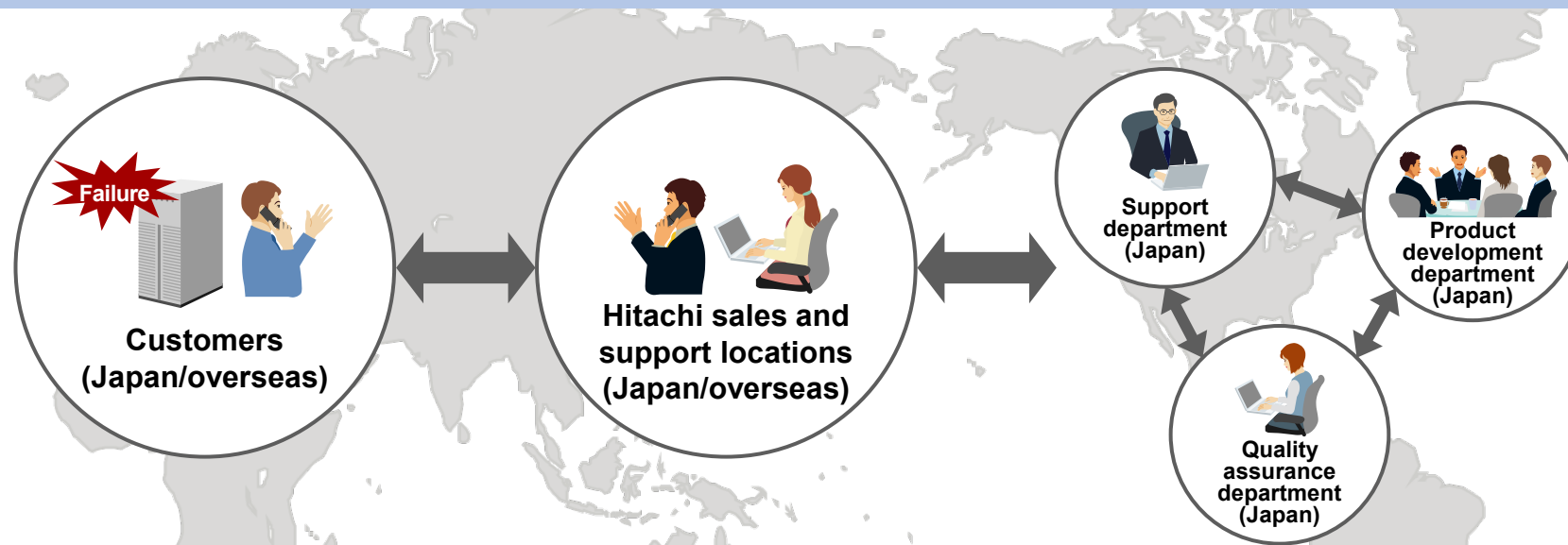
Guaranteed compatibility with the preceding three major versions.
You can operate your system even if it contains different JP1 versions.

Even if you upgrade JP1, interface compatibility is maintained.
Therefore, you can use the linked products, services, user programs without modification.

You can use JP1 with peace of mind around the world.

We support our customers with sales and support locations covering all regions of the world.

Our sales and support locations around the world and in Japan work together to support our customers



We cover all regions of the world including Asia, Oceania, North America, South America, Europe, Middle East and Africa.

Hitachi's sales and support locations support customers in cooperation with the support, quality assurance, and product development departments in Japan.

Achieve stable operation of mission-critical systems!

We have established a system to maintain high quality and high reliability so that customers can use our products with peace of mind.



List of features

■ List of features

Category	Subcategory	Features
Deployment	Deployment support	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Deployment support via a wizard• Push distribution for agents (remote installation)*¹• Web application servers and internal databases
	Current status during deployment	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Home module• Current diagnosis reports
Operation	Operation support	Home module: Identify changes in the system as compared to the previous day, and build a customized Home module by choosing from 19 panels
		Discover new devices
		Agentless operations* ²
		Use commands to apply changes to group information in a batch
	Database management	Perform database maintenance tasks (backup, restoration, reorganization) via the GUI
	Event display	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Device-related events (new hardware or software, changes to security settings, etc.)• Security-related events (security assessments, suppression of prohibited operations, etc.)• Asset-related events (new assets, new software licenses, etc.)• Distribution events (file distribution, software installation)• Configuration-related events (device discovery, agent deployment, etc.)• Events related to suspicious operations• Error events (error information)
Security management	Registration of management accounts	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Set up permissions (system administrator permissions, user management permissions, view permissions)• Set up permissions by task type (restrict permissions that can be assigned to security management tasks, asset management tasks, device management tasks, and other task types)• Set up management scopes (restrict the types of management information that can be viewed by each department)
	Automated backup	Automatically back up operations logs to specified folders
	Security policy items	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Check the status of updates• Check whether automated updates are enabled or disabled in accordance with your company's regulations• Check whether the necessary quality updates and feature updates have been applied■ Check the statuses of antivirus software products• Check antivirus software information (product and scan engine version, definition file version, resident settings, date of last virus scan, etc.)■ Check the statuses of software programs being used• Check whether prohibited programs or Windows apps are installed• Make sure required programs and Windows apps are installed

Category	Subcategory	Features
Security management	Security policy items	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Check the security settings of services• Check whether prohibited services are running
		<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Check the OS security settings• Check whether any guest accounts are enabled• Check for accounts that have weak passwords• Check for accounts that have passwords that do not expire• Check whether the number of days since a password was changed exceeds the number of allowable days• Check whether automatic logon is enabled• Check whether power-on passwords are set• Check whether password-protected screensavers are set up• Check whether the screensaver starts after a specified amount of time passes• Check whether a shared folder is set up• Check whether an administrative share is set up• Check whether unlimited anonymous access is enabled• Check whether Firewall is enabled• Check whether DCOM is enabled• Check whether the remote desktop functionality is enabled
		<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Create policies for assessing security that include conditions other than those that JP1 provides as security settings
		<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Settings to suppress printing• Suppress printing operations• Set up password protection for printing operations■ Settings to suppress operations that use various devices• Suppress the use of USB memory devices (prohibit the use of unregistered USB memory devices)• Suppress the use of internal CD/DVD drives• Suppress the use of internal floppy disk drives• Suppress the use of IEEE 1394 devices• Suppress the use of internal SD card slots• Suppress the use of Bluetooth devices• Suppress the use of Windows Portable Devices• Suppress the use of imaging devices■ Settings to suppress software startup• Suppress the startup of specified software programs (allow startup only by approved users or during specified periods)

Category	Subcategory	Features
Security management	Security policy items	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Settings related to operations logs• Collect logs about the following operations: Starting and stopping PCs, logging on and off, starting and stopping processes, file and folder operations*³, executing commands from a command prompt or in PowerShell, printing, connecting and removing external media devices, window operations, suppressing the startup of programs, suppressing printing operations, blocking externally connected devices, web access (uploading and downloading data)*⁴, FTP operations (sending and receiving files)*⁴, sending and receiving emails with attachments*⁴, saving attachments from emails*⁴• Collect logs about suspicious operations only
	Support for creating security policies	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Default policy (security check)• Recommended policy (enhanced security) Edit security policies
	Security policy assignment	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Automatically assign the default policy• Assign a unique security policy to each group• Assign a unique security policy to each PC
	Handling security policy violations	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Send notifications to users• Control network connections• Forcibly change security settings• Suppress operations• Collect log of suppressed operations
	Automatic security policy updates	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Automatically check whether virus definition files are up to date• Automatically check whether all Windows updates have been installed*⁵
	Checking the security status	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Dashboard• Number of devices by violation level ("Safe", "Important", "Warning", or "Critical")• Security assessment by category (assess the security status by using levels A to E)• Security assessment by policy• Status of suspicious operations List security policies, display the security statuses of devices
	Quality updates	View a list of updates, automatically collect information about updates* ⁵ , create update groups, create packages for distributing updates, import and export a list of updates
	Operations logs	View a list of operations logs, trace operations in the operations logs, perform operations on stored log files
	Controlling devices that connect to the network	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Detect when new devices are connected to the network (permit or deny a connection)• Control connections for each network segment• Control connections for each device• Allow connections from blocked devices to specific devices• Re-allow connections from PCs that are deemed secure• Quarantine PCs infected by malware*⁶

*¹ For information on the requirements for using push distribution for agents, see the applicable JP1 product manual.

*² For information on the requirements and the available functions when using an agentless configuration, see the applicable JP1 product manual.

*³ Refers to operations in Windows Explorer and does not include operations performed in other software (such as Microsoft Office programs).

*⁴ For information on the browser (Microsoft Edge and Google Chrome) and email software (such as Outlook) for which operations log information can be obtained, see the applicable JP1 product manual.

*⁵ This feature requires a subscription to JP1 support services.

*⁶ This feature requires Microsoft Intune. In addition, Microsoft Defender is required as the antivirus software product.

Category	Subcategory	Features	Category	Subcategory	Features	Category	Subcategory	Features
Asset management	Managing hardware assets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Asset information (such as adding, editing, or deleting information; changing the status; updating the inventory date; adding management items; and importing from or exporting to CSV files) Contract information Associated assets (monitors, hard disks, printers, USB memory devices, etc.) Device information (automatically collected on a regular basis) 	Device management	Collection of device information and software information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Automatically collect information on a regular basis Collect the most recent information Collect device information from managed computers that are offline Export information to CSV files 	Software distribution	Distribution tasks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Software to be installed^{*8} Files Windows updates Uninstallation of installed software^{*8}
	Managing software licenses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Software license information (such as adding, editing, or deleting information; changing the status; updating the inventory date; and importing from or exporting to CSV files) Contract information Computers to which licenses are to be allocated 		Device information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> System information (computer name, serial number, CPU, RAM, free space, name of the last user who logged on, OS and service pack, IP address, domain, etc.) Hardware information (CPU, RAM, disk drives, etc.) Information about installed programs and Windows apps (such as the names, versions, and installation dates of programs and apps; and the product keys and license types of Microsoft Office products) Security information (information about Windows updates, antivirus software, and the security settings of services and of the OS) Collect and manage the history of revisions made to device information 		Defining execution schedules	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Execution at a specified date and time Execution at user login Execution at next startup Automatic startup of the target computer Automatic distribution of software to newly added devices
	Managing software	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Information about managed software (such as adding, editing, or deleting information; and importing from or exporting to CSV files) Installed software programs^{*6} Computers on which a software program has been installed^{*6} Computers to which software licenses have been allocated Software licenses 		Software information	List of computers on which a particular software program is installed ^{*6}		Distributing and installing software	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Perform various operations by executing commands Issue messages before and after execution Control the transfer interval based on network availability Execute distribution tasks in accordance with security policies Distribute and install software to nodes in a defined group Distribute and install packages in order of priority Distribute and install software to offline PCs Enable users to install software (pull distribution)
	Managing USB memory devices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Suppress the use of unapproved USB memory devices Suppress the use of USB memory devices on specific PCs Check the use history of a USB memory device Get information about the files stored on a USB memory device 		Confirmation of device statuses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Dashboard Customized device inventory (filtered display, custom group display) Number of devices by OS New software Trends in managed nodes (separate display for nodes with agents installed and for nodes without agents installed) 		Setting installation conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check the system conditions (hard drive space and RAM) Check software-related conditions (required software programs and their versions) Specify the installation method (interactive GUI or background) Restart the PC after installation Specify whether to display dialog boxes during processing Set up actions to be executed before and after installation, and when installation ends in an error Specify information such as company name and owner name Incorporate user responses into the processing for installation via script files
	Managing contracts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contract information (such as adding, editing, or deleting information; changing the status; and importing from and exporting to CSV files) Software programs associated with a contract Hardware devices associated with a contract 		Remote control	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Keyboard and mouse operations Remote maintenance operations that use optical media^{*7} Send and receive files Encrypt transferred data and set file access permissions Send files to multiple computers at once Issue a connection request from computers to controllers Create and play back video recordings of remote operations Use chat Shut down and restart computers Transfer clipboard contents 		Distributing network load	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Control the distribution flow rate Establish relay computers Split packages to be distributed Use multicast distribution
	Checking asset information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Dashboard Trends in the number of hardware assets Hardware assets (filtered display, display for each custom group) Software programs (up to 100 programs) for which the number of remaining licenses is low Information about contracts expiring in the next three months 				Reporting	Summary reports	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Daily summary reports Weekly summary reports Monthly summary reports

^{*6} You can also check which Windows apps are installed.

^{*7} This feature is available when the remote PC supports AMT. For information about supported versions, see the applicable JP1 product manual.

^{*8} For information on the requirements for installing and uninstalling software, see the applicable JP1 product manual.

List of features (3/3)

Category	Subcategory	Features	Category	Subcategory	Features
Reporting (cont.)	Security diagnosis reports	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Security assessment using five security levels, comparison with previous month's assessment results, explanations, topics, etc. Current diagnosis report Timeframe diagnosis 	Chromebook device management ^{*10}	-	Import device information
	Security details	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Status of violation levels Status of security settings (Windows updates, passwords, etc.) Status of antivirus software Installation status of prohibited software (top 10 prohibited software programs that are installed) Installation status of Windows updates (top 10 Windows updates that are not yet installed) Installation status of required software (top 10 required software programs that are not yet installed) Other access restrictions (top 10 software programs whose startup was suppressed per user) User activity (top 10 users who use USB memory devices) 	Useful features	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Power devices on and off^{*11} Email event notifications to administrators Send notifications to users Forcibly change security settings Configure VPN clients in a batch Transfer management of software licenses Password-protect agent settings Execute commands to start or stop services on the management server, import or export various types of information, collect troubleshooting information, etc.
	Inventory details	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Device management status (breakdown of and trends in the number of managed PCs) Green IT (status of power-saving settings) 	Other features	Linkage with Active Directory	Import device information
	Asset details	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hardware assets (changes and trends in the number of hardware assets) Cost of hardware assets (cost trends) Cost of software licenses (cost trends) Software for which there are license violations (ranking of software programs with the highest number of license violations) Software for which there is a surplus of licenses (ranking of software programs with the highest number of unused licenses) 		Linkage with other JP1 products	Perform login authentication and manage permissions by using the Base component ^{*12}
				Cluster software support	Windows Server Failover Clustering
	Output reports	Output CSV files Specify the scope of data items to be aggregated (department, device type, location, network, security policy)		Virtualization support ^{*13}	Support for various virtualization environment
Smart device management ^{*9}	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check the overall status (smart device status, used storage space, available storage space, etc.) Control devices (locking/initializing smart devices) 		Device management over the Internet ^{*14}	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manage security, assets, and devices Distribute software
				Other	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Configure multi-tenancy Use management relay servers to distribute management and create a management hierarchy Remotely collect files from managed PCs

^{*9} This feature requires Microsoft Intune.

^{*10} This feature requires Google Workspace.

^{*11} To automatically power on a PC, the PC must support Wake-on-LAN or Intel AMT.

^{*12} Such as the Base component of JP1/Integrated Management 3 - Manager or JP1/Automatic Job Management System 3 - Manager.

^{*13} For notes and other information on supported versions, please contact us.

^{*14} For more information about the available functions, see the applicable JP1 product manual.

Product names
JP1/IT Desktop Management 2 - Manager
JP1/IT Desktop Management 2 - Additional License for Linux

- Note:*
- JP1 support services are available under a separate contract.
 - These products are also available through the purchase of subscriptions, which allow you to use products and support services for a period of one year.

Note: In this brochure, *JP1/IT Desktop Management 2* is used to refer collectively to the products listed above in "Products required for the main functions in this brochure".

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END

Integrated Operations Management

Asset and distribution management

Introducing JP1/IT Desktop Management 2

- Protecting your increasingly diverse IT assets -

Hitachi, Ltd.